



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA



LABOUR FORCE

STATISTICS
REPORT

JANUARY 2024

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

LABOUR FORCE REPORT MALAYSIA JANUARY 2024

Announcement

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides a catalog of data and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis of various data and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

DOSM will conduct the Agricultural Census in 2024. Please visit <https://www.myagricensus.gov.my> for more information. The theme is "Agriculture Census, Key to Agricultural Development".

The Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20th each year. MyStats Day theme is "Statistics is the Essence of Life".

The Primary Database (PADU) was launched on 2 January 2024. PADU contains individual and household profiles covering citizens and permanent residents of Malaysia. The main goal of PADU is to ensure that Malaysians are not left behind from the citizen centric initiatives implemented by the Government. Your kind cooperation is requested to register and update PADU by 31 March 2024. Please visit www.padu.gov.my for more information related to PADU or contact the following hotlines:

- i) Department of Statistics Malaysia: 1-800-88-7720/ 1-800-88-7721*
- ii) Complain online through SISPA: <https://padu.spab.gov.my>*

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PREFACE

The monthly Labour Force Report, Malaysia, presents the statistics of the labour force, employment and unemployment obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The implementation of the LFS is based on the guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO) with reference to the Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.

The labour force statistics are used as a vital input for labour market analysis, policy formulation, as well as planning, implementing, and monitoring programmes particularly related to human resource development. These statistics also serve as essential references for researchers, economists, academicians, the private sector, and individuals involved in research related to employment and the labour market.

The Labour Force Report for January 2024 describes the labour supply condition based on the current situation. The report also elaborates on the month-on-month changes to examine the immediate effects of recent events. In addition, annual changes from the same month of the previous year are also reported.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia gratefully acknowledges the cooperation and contribution rendered by all parties in making this publication a success. Every piece of feedback and suggestion towards improving future reports is highly appreciated.

DATO' SRI DR. MOHD UZIR MAHIDIN

Chief Statistician Malaysia

March 2024

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GLOSSARY

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Actively unemployed | : | Persons who were available for work and were actively looking for a job during the reference week. |
| Category of skills | : | For reporting purposes, the category of occupation is regrouped into three levels of skills based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2013 as below: Skilled workers: 1. Managers; 2. Professionals; and 3. Technicians and associate professionals. Semi-skilled workers: 4. Clerical support workers; 5. Services and sales workers; 6. Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock, and fishery workers; 7. Craft and related trades workers; and 8. Plant and machine operators and assemblers. Low-skilled workers: 9. Elementary occupations. Starting in January 2022, the category of occupation is based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2020 with an addition of group 0 - Armed forces occupations. |
| Economic activity | : | Classification of industries according to the Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008 version 1.0 into five main sectors namely Agriculture, Mining & quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction and Services. In the meantime, Manufacturing and Services are further disaggregated into sub-sectors. |
| Employed | : | All persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain either as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker. |
| Employee | : | A person who works for a public or private employer and receives regular remuneration in wages, salary, commission, tips or payment in kind. |
| Employer | : | A person who operates a business, a plantation or other trade and employs one or more workers to help him. |
| Employment-to-population ratio | : | The proportion of the employed population to working-age population. |
| Inactively unemployed | : | Did not look for work because they believed no work was available or that they were not qualified; Would have looked for work if they had not been temporarily ill or had it not been for weather conditions; and had looked for work prior to the reference week and were waiting for the result of job applications. |

GLOSSARY

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Labour force | : | Labour force refers to population in the working age group (15 to 64 years) who are either employed or unemployed |
| Labour force participation rate | : | The ratio of the labour force to the working-age population, expressed as a percentage. |
| Outside labour force | : | All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are classified as outside labour force. This category consists of housewives, students (including those going for further studies), retired, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job. |
| Own-account worker | : | A person who operates his own farm, business or trade without employing any paid workers in the conduct of his farm, trade or business. |
| Skill-related underemployment | : | Those with tertiary education and working in the semi-skilled and low-skilled categories. |
| Time-related underemployment | : | A group of people who were employed less than 30 hours per week during the reference week because of the nature of their work or due to insufficient work and were able and willing to accept additional hours of work. Persons who were employed more than 30 hours per week during the reference week are considered to be in full employment. |
| Unemployed | : | Those who did not work during the reference week were classified into two groups, which are actively and inactively unemployed. |
| Unemployment rate | : | The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in the labour force, expressed as a percentage. |
| Unpaid family worker | : | A person who works without pay or wages on a farm, business or trade operated by another member of the family. |

ACRONYMS

| | | |
|-------|---|--|
| ILO | : | International Labour Organization |
| IMF | : | International Monetary Fund |
| LI | : | Leading Index |
| LFS | : | Labour Force Survey |
| LFPR | : | Labour Force Participation Rate |
| MASCO | : | Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation |
| MIDF | : | Malaysian Industrial Development Finance |
| MSIC | : | Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification |

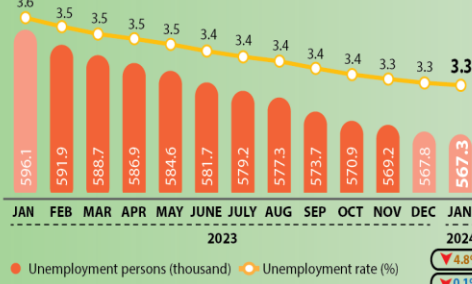


LABOUR FORCE MALAYSIA, JANUARY 2024

January's unemployment rate stood at 3.3 per cent, with 567.3 thousand unemployed

UNEMPLOYMENT

THE NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATE, MALAYSIA, JAN 2023 - JAN 2024



3.3%

January's unemployment rate remained at 3.3 per cent the same as in the previous month

▼ 0.3pp ↔ 0.0pp

Unemployment by category

Actively unemployed Inactively unemployed

79.8% 20.2%

JAN 2024

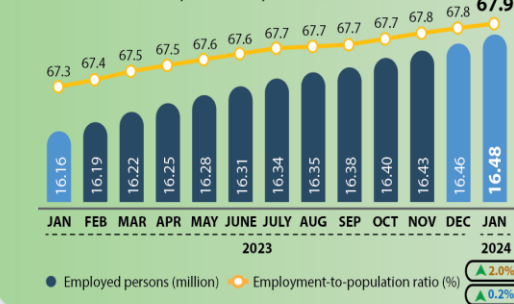
▼ 6.0% 452.5 thousand ▲ 0.2%
▼ 0.2% 114.7 thousand ▲ 0.5%

DEC 2023

453.6 thousand 114.2 thousand

EMPLOYED PERSON

THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS AND EMPLOYMENT-TO-POPULATION RATIO, MALAYSIA, JAN 2023 - JAN 2024



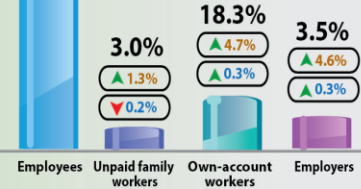
Employed person by status in employment

75.2%

▲ 1.3%

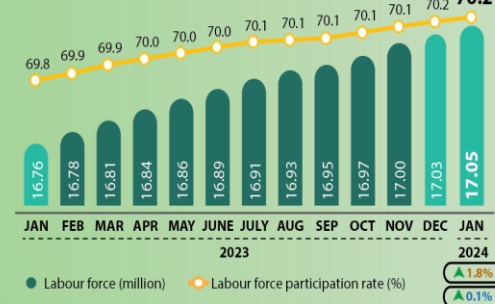
▲ 0.1%

75.2 per cent of the total employed persons were in the employees' category



LABOUR FORCE

LABOUR FORCE AND LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE (LFPR), MALAYSIA, JAN 2023 - JAN 2024



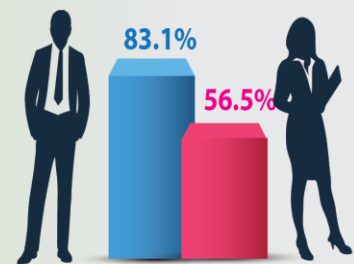
70.2%

▲ 0.4pp

↔ 0.0pp

Labour force participation rate during the month was unchanged at 70.2 per cent, as in the preceding month

LFPR by sex



OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE



DIS 2023



JAN 2024

▼ 0.1%

▼ 0.01%

The major composition of the outside labour force was housework/ family responsibilities



Household/ family responsibilities

42.5%



Schooling/ training

40.8%



Percentage change (year-on-year)



Percentage change (month-on-month)



Percentage point



Unchanged

Source: Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)



CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS



What is Labour Force Survey (LFS)?

Labour Force Survey (LFS) was conducted to collect information on the structure and distribution of labour force, employment and unemployment from the perspective of labour supply.

LFS encompasses both urban and rural areas for all administrative districts within all states in Malaysia using multi-modal data collection approach through the personal interview and a Computer-Assisted Telephone Interview (CATI).

The LFS are conducted based on the standard guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO).

The survey population comprises persons who live in the private living quarters, hence excludes persons residing in institutions such as hotels, hospitals, hostels, prisons, and workers residing in construction worksite.

The working age for the analysis of LFS in Malaysia refers to household members between the age of 15 to 64 years during the reference week, who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force.

LABOUR FORCE

- The population in the working age group of 15 to 64 years (in completed years at last birthday).
- Either employed or unemployed in the reference week.

EMPLOYED

- Persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain (as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker).
- Persons who did not work during the reference week because of illness, injury, bad weather, leave, labour dispute and social or religious reasons but had a job, farm, enterprise or other family enterprise to return to.
- Those on temporary lay-off with pay who would definitely be called back to work.

UNEMPLOYED

- Those who did not work during the reference week but are interested to work and seeking for a job.
- Classified into two groups which are actively and inactively unemployed.

OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

- All persons not classified as employed or unemployed.
- Example: housewives, students, retirees, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

- The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in labour force.
- Percentage of the unemployed population in the labour force.

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

- The economic activity of a population depends on the demographic characteristics of that population.
- The proportion of the economically active population, hence differs between sub-groups of that population.
- These variations are measured by specific activity rates termed as labour force participation rate.
- Labour force participation rate is defined as the ratio of the labour force to the working age population (15 to 64 years), expressed as a percentage.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

- Time-series data are very useful for economist, policy & decision makers and time-series analysts to identify the important features of economics series such as direction, turning point and consistency between other economic indicators. Sometimes this feature is difficult to observe because of seasonal movements. Thus, if seasonal effect can be removed, the behaviour of the series would be better viewed. The estimation and removal of the seasonal effects is called seasonal adjustment.
- Seasonal adjustment is a process to identify and to remove the regular within-a-year seasonal pattern, which may also include the influences of moving holidays and working/trading days effect in each period. The ultimate objective of the process is to highlight the underlying trends and short-term movements in the series.
- In Malaysia, most of the time series data is affected by seasonal effects. Hence, to eliminate the seasonal effect as well as to seasonally adjust the Malaysian economic time series data, a standard seasonal adjustment package, X-12 ARIMA was used by the Department of Statistics Malaysia.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

KEY REVIEWS

- In January 2024, the number of **employed persons** continued in an upward trend, with a rise of **0.2 per cent (+25.3 thousand persons)** from the previous month to record **16.48 million persons** (December 2023: 16.46 million). During the month, the **employment-to-population ratio**, which denotes the ability of an economy to create employment, rose by **0.1 percentage points to 67.9 per cent** (December 2023: 67.8%).
- By economic sector, the number of employed persons in the Services sector remained increasing, notably in Wholesale & retail trade; Food & beverage services; and Transportation & storage activities. A similar trend was also observed in the number of employed persons in the Manufacturing, Construction and Mining & quarrying sectors in January 2024. The number of employed persons in the Agriculture sector rebounded during the month compared to last month.
- The majority of employed persons in January 2024 were in the **employees'** category, constituting **75.2 per cent**. This category saw a marginal increase of **0.1 per cent (+14.2 thousand persons)**, totaling **12.39 million persons** compared to 12.38 million in December 2023. On the same note, the **own-account workers** category continued its increasing trend during the month, rising by **0.3 per cent (+10.3 thousand persons)** to **3.01 million persons** (December 2023: 3.0 million persons).
- In January 2024, the number of **unemployed persons** decreased further, with a marginal drop of **0.1 per cent (-0.5 thousand persons)** to **567.3 thousand persons** (December 2023: 567.8 thousand persons). January's **unemployment rate** remained at **3.3 per cent** as recorded in the previous month.
- The **labour force** in January 2024 saw further enhancement, increasing by **0.1 per cent (+24.8 thousand persons)** to **17.05 million persons** compared to the previous month (December 2023: 17.03 million persons). The **labour force participation rate (LFPR)** during the month was unchanged at **70.2 per cent**, as in the preceding month.
- The number persons of **outside the labour force** posted a marginal decline of **0.01 per cent to 7.23 million persons** in January 2024 compared to the previous month (December 2023: 7.23 million persons). The major composition of those outside the labour force was **housework/ family responsibilities**, accounting for **42.5 per cent**, while **schooling/ training** ranked second with **40.8 per cent**.
- In early 2024, the economic situation in Malaysia was observed to be steady, with higher domestic demand anticipated as a result of January's inflation decreases, a robust job market, and supportive financial positions. The increase in tourism activities may improve economic activities, thus lead to various businesses and job opportunities as well. Therefore, the labour market in Malaysia is anticipated to improve and remain stable over the next few months, driven by a resilient domestic economy. This situation is expected to continue to generate increased demand for employment, thus serving as an important driver key to sustaining economic stability.

1

MALAYSIA'S LABOUR FORCE MAINTAINED ITS CONVINCING PERFORMANCE IN JANUARY 2024, BOLSTERED BY A BETTER ECONOMIC AND BUSINESS OUTLOOK

Malaysia's labour force maintained its convincing performance in January 2024, bolstered by a better economic and business outlook. As the economy kept flourishing, it prompted businesses to expand further. Therefore, it has led to more job opportunities for job seekers, which has driven the labour demand to continue to increase in accommodating the industry's operations capacity. Thus, this situation is seen as stimulating the labour market and has encouraged more labour entries into the market.

In 2024, the world economy remained a little healthier, even though the world has faced enlargement inflation. Based on the World Economic Outlook Update from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in January 2024, the world economy is projected to grow by 3.1 per cent in 2024 and 3.2 per cent in 2025¹. Meanwhile, by looking at Malaysia's economy, MIDF Research stated that Malaysia's economy will improve at a growth rate of 4.7 per cent in 2024 compared to the previous year at a rate 3.7 per cent². The improvement of the country's economic growth is supported by the external trade recovery, on top of the sustained growth in domestic spending, thus influencing Malaysia's labour market in retaining expansion of employment and reducing unemployment in January 2024. Therefore, the labour force remained stable in January 2024, with a continuous increase in the number of employed persons and a further reduction in the number of unemployed persons.

As for the performance of the Leading Index (LI) in December 2023, it recorded a rise of 0.3 per cent to 110.1 points as against the same month of the preceding year (December 2022: 109.8 points). In a monthly comparison, LI's rose by 0.3 per cent during the month, compared to 0.5 per cent in November 2023. The smoothed growth rate of the LI for December 2023 remained below the 100.0 point trend, which indicates that the Malaysian economy is expected to improve in the near term supported by resilient domestic demand and stable labour market conditions. In the meantime, the monthly external trade indicators for exports and imports in January 2024, both rebounded with an increase of 3.0 cent (December 2023: -2.8%) and a positive 5.3 per cent (December 2023: -2.6%), respectively.

2

The number of employed persons continued in an upward trend

In January 2024, the number of **employed persons** continued in an upward trend, with a rise of **0.2 per cent (+25.3 thousand persons)** from the previous month to record **16.48 million persons** (December 2023: 16.46 million). In terms of seasonally adjusted data, there was an increase of 0.3 per cent in the number of employed persons. Similarly, the number of employed persons saw a rise of 2.0 per cent (+323.7 thousand persons) compared to the same month in the previous year (January 2023: 16.16 million persons).

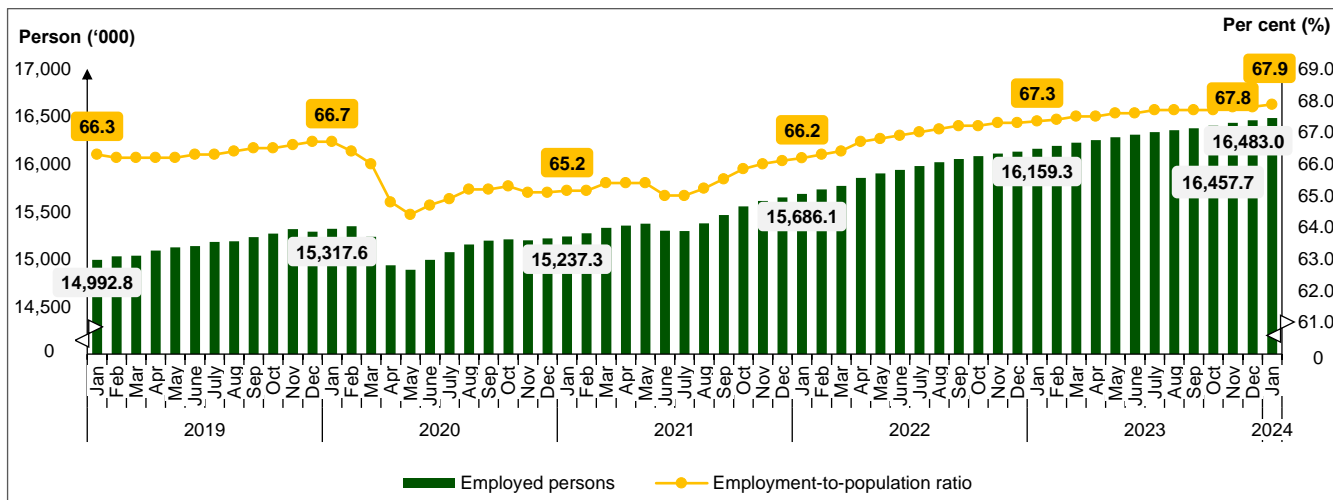
By economic sector, the number of employed persons in the Services sector remained increasing, notably in Wholesale & retail trade; Food & beverage services; and Transportation & storage activities. A similar trend was also observed in the number of employed persons in the Manufacturing, Construction and Mining & quarrying sectors in January 2024. The number of employed persons in the Agriculture sector rebounded during the month compared to last month.

¹ <https://www.mckinsey.com/capabilities/strategy-and-corporate-finance/our-insights/global-economics-intelligence-executive-summary-january-2024>

² <https://www.nst.com.my/business/economy/2024/02/1014657/malaysias-economy-grow-stronger-2024-midf-research>

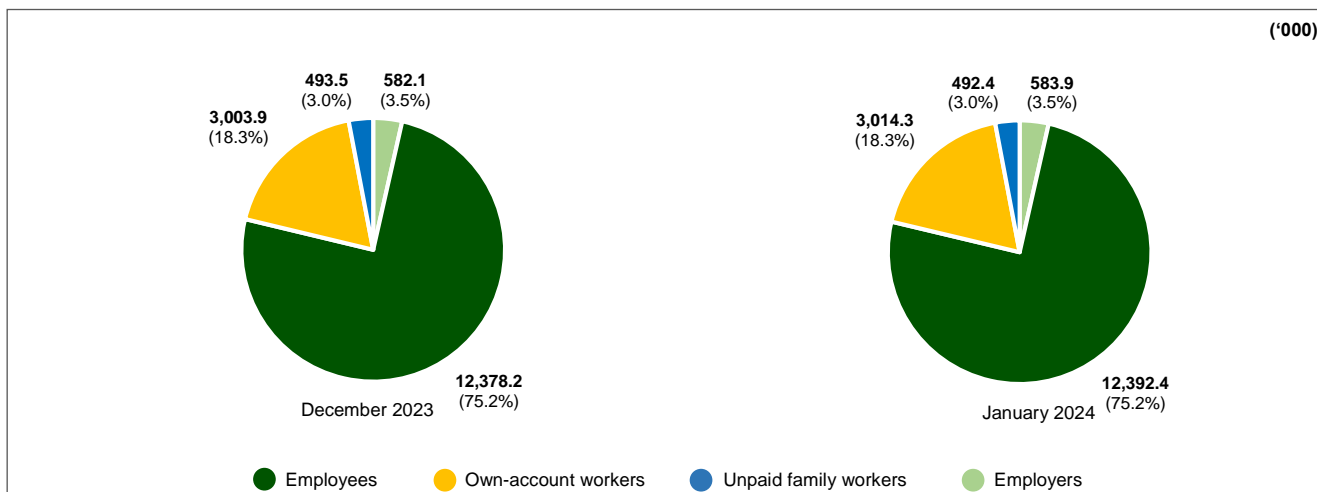
During the month, the **employment-to-population ratio**, which denotes the ability of an economy to create employment, rose by **0.1 percentage points** to **67.9 per cent** (December 2023: 67.8%). Comparatively, this ratio posted 0.6 percentage points growth from 67.3 per cent in January 2023 [Chart 1].

Chart 1: Employed persons and employment-to-population ratio, January 2019 - January 2024



The majority of employed persons in January 2024 were in the **employees' category**, constituting **75.2 per cent**. This category saw a marginal increase of **0.1 per cent (+14.2 thousand persons)**, totaling **12.39 million persons** compared to 12.38 million in December 2023. On the same note, the **own-account workers category** continued its increasing trend during the month, rising by **0.3 per cent (+10.3 thousand persons)** to **3.01 million persons** (December 2023: 3.0 million persons). Most of this group consists of daily income earners working as small business operators such as retailers, hawkers, sellers in markets and stalls, as well as smallholders [Chart 2].

Chart 2: Employed person by status in employment, December 2023 and January 2024



The number of **employed persons temporarily not working** edged down by **10.1 per cent (-9.7 thousand persons)** to **86.1 thousand persons** in January 2024 compared to the previous month (December 2023: 95.8 thousand persons). Year-on-year, there was a 6.0 per cent increase (+4.9 thousand persons) from 81.3 thousand persons recorded in January 2023. This group of persons,

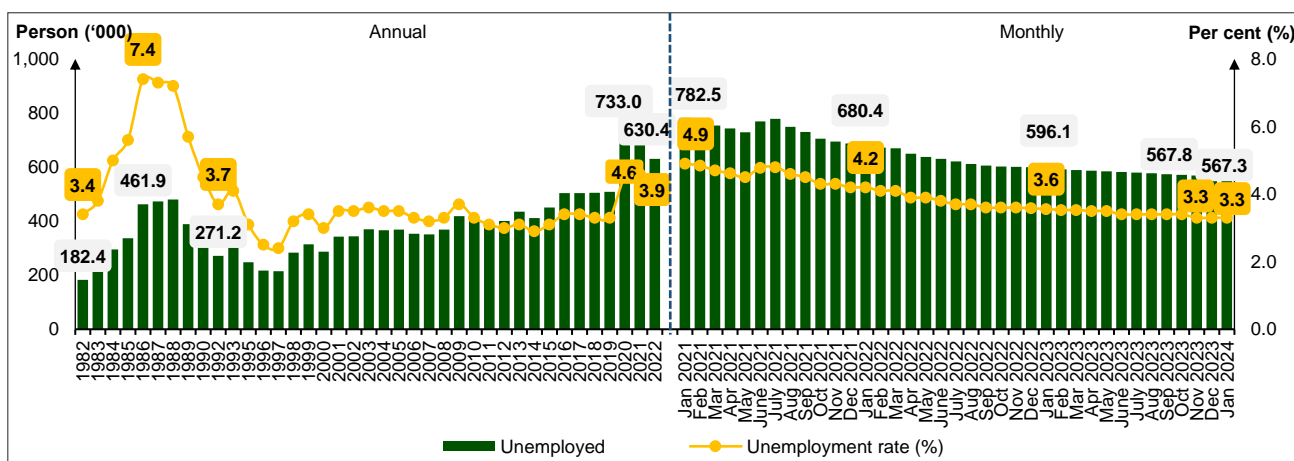
who were likely unable to work temporarily, were not classified as unemployed as they had work to return to.

3 January's unemployment rate remained at 3.3 per cent

In January 2024, the number of **unemployed persons** decreased further, with a marginal drop of **0.1 per cent (-0.5 thousand persons)** to **567.3 thousand persons** (December 2023: 567.8 thousand persons). January's **unemployment rate** remained at **3.3 per cent** as recorded in the previous month. Based on the seasonal adjusted terms, the number of unemployed persons fell by 2.0 per cent, recording an unemployment rate of 3.3 per cent.

Comparing with one year earlier, the number of unemployed persons declined by 4.8 per cent (-28.8 thousand persons) compared to 596.1 thousand persons in January 2023. Accordingly, the unemployment rate declined by 0.3 percentage points from 3.6 per cent in January last year [**Chart 3**].

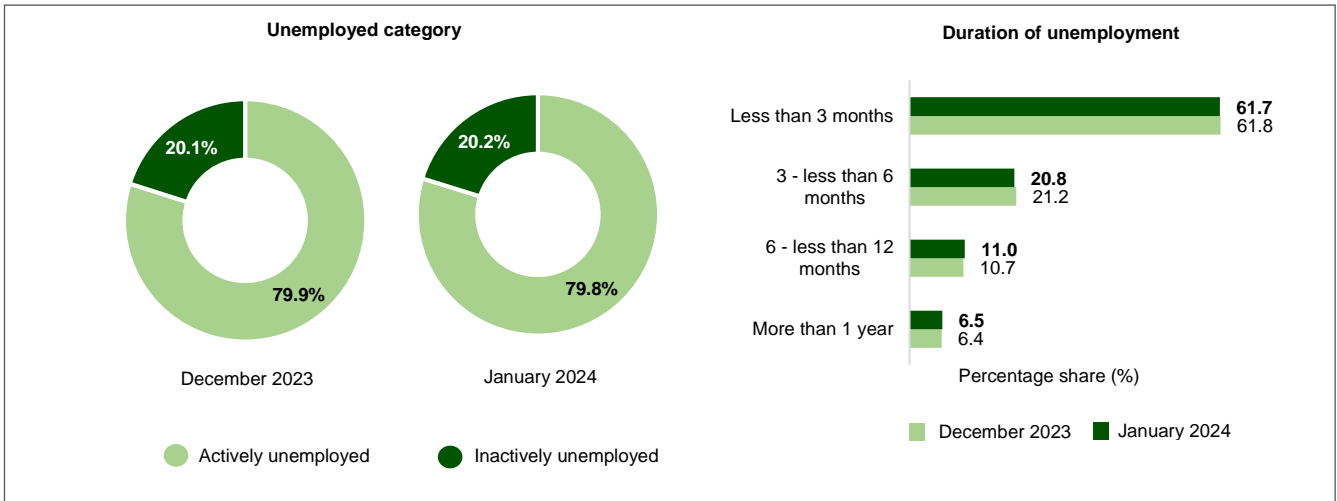
Chart 3: Unemployed persons and unemployment rate, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - January 2024



By unemployment category, **79.8 per cent** of the total unemployed persons were those who were available for work and were actively seeking jobs, or the **actively unemployed**. This category posted a decrease of **0.2 per cent (-1.1 thousand persons)** to record **452.5 thousand persons** (December 2023: 453.6 thousand persons). By duration of unemployment for actively unemployed, **61.7 per cent** were those who were **unemployed for less than three months**, while **6.5 per cent** were those who were in **long-term unemployment for more than a year**³. Meanwhile, the **inactively unemployed** or those who believed that there were no jobs available rose by **0.5 per cent (+0.6 thousand persons)** registering **114.7 thousand persons** (December 2023: 114.2 thousand persons) [**Chart 4**].

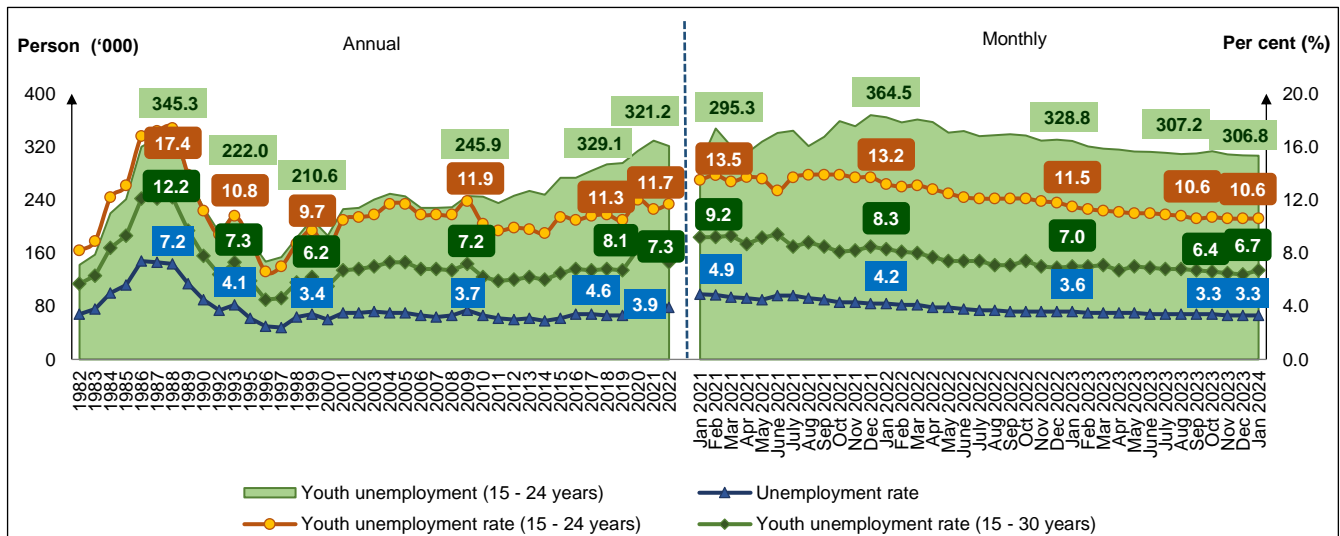
³ Referring to a person who has been unemployed for one year or longer (Source: KILM: Long-term unemployment) https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---dgreports/---stat/documents/publication/wcms_422451.pdf

Chart 4: Unemployed category and duration of unemployment, December 2023 and January 2024



In January 2024, the unemployment rate for youth aged **15 to 24 years** stood at **10.6 per cent**, recording the number of **unemployed youths** at **306.8 thousand persons** (December 2023: 10.6%; 307.2 thousand persons). On the same note, the unemployment rate among youth aged **15 to 30 years** was **6.7 per cent**, with **439.7 thousand unemployed youths** (December 2023: 6.4%; 432.1 thousand persons) [Chart 5].

Chart 5: Unemployment rate by selected age groups, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - January 2024

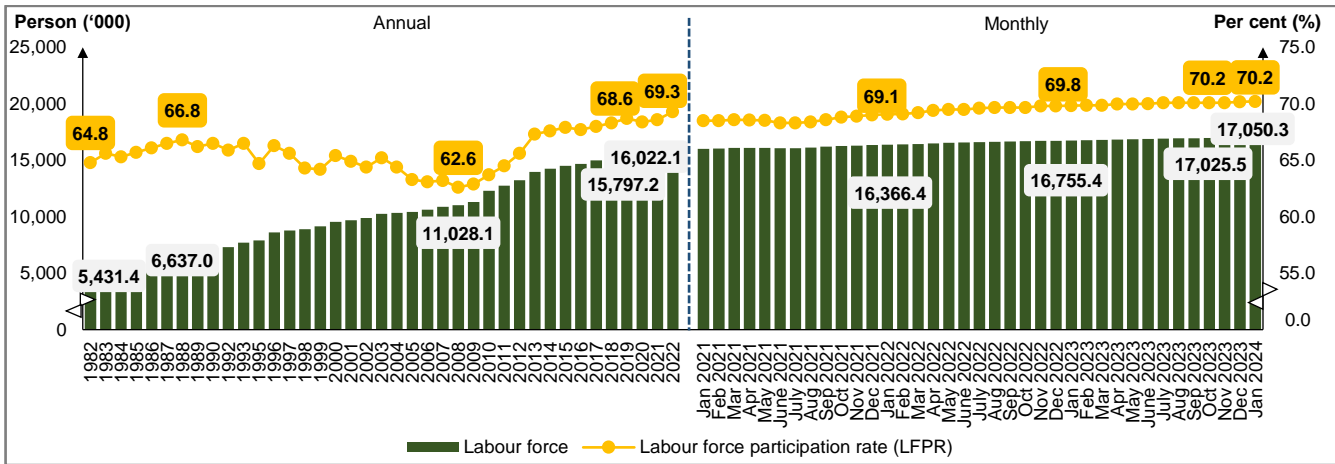


4 LFPR in January 2024 remained unchanged at 70.2 per cent

The **labour force** in January 2024 saw further enhancement, increasing by **0.1 per cent (+24.8 thousand persons)** to **17.05 million persons** (December 2023: 17.03 million persons). The **labour force participation rate (LFPR)** was unchanged at **70.2 per cent**, as in the preceding month. The number of labour force based on seasonally adjusted estimates, went up by 0.3 per cent, with the LFPR at 70.2 per cent.

Correspondingly, the number of labour force improved by 1.8 per cent (+294.9 thousand persons) during the same month of the previous year (January 2023: 16.76 million persons). Therefore, the LFPR was higher by 0.4 percentage points from 69.8 per cent in January 2023 [Chart 6].

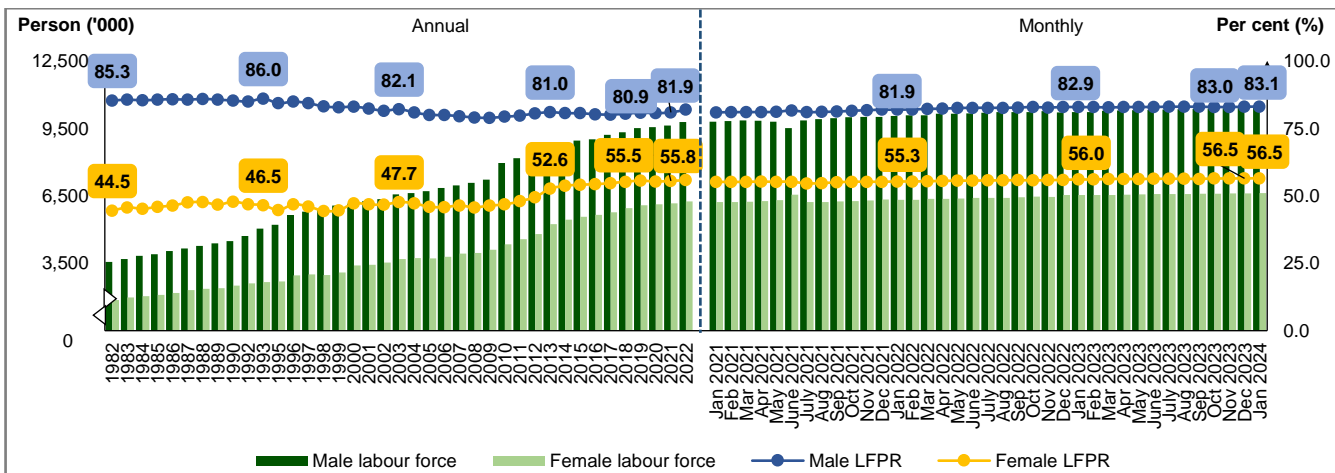
Chart 6: Labour force and LFPR, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - January 2024



During the month, both the **male and female labour force** registered an increase, with the number of **male labour force** at **10.43 million persons** as oppose to 10.41 million persons in December 2023. Meanwhile, the number of **female labour force** was at **6.62 million persons** compared to the previous month (December 2023: 6.61 million persons). As for the LFPR, **male LFPR** rose by **0.1 percentage points** to **83.1 per cent**, while **female LFPR** remained unchanged at **56.5 per cent**.

In terms of year-on-year changes, both the male and female labour force continued to rise, with an addition of 2.0 per cent (January 2023: 10.22 million persons) and 1.4 per cent (January 2023: 6.53 million persons) respectively. Subsequently, the LFPR for males and females increased by 0.2 percentage points from 82.9 per cent and 0.5 percentage points from 56.0 per cent respectively [Chart 7].

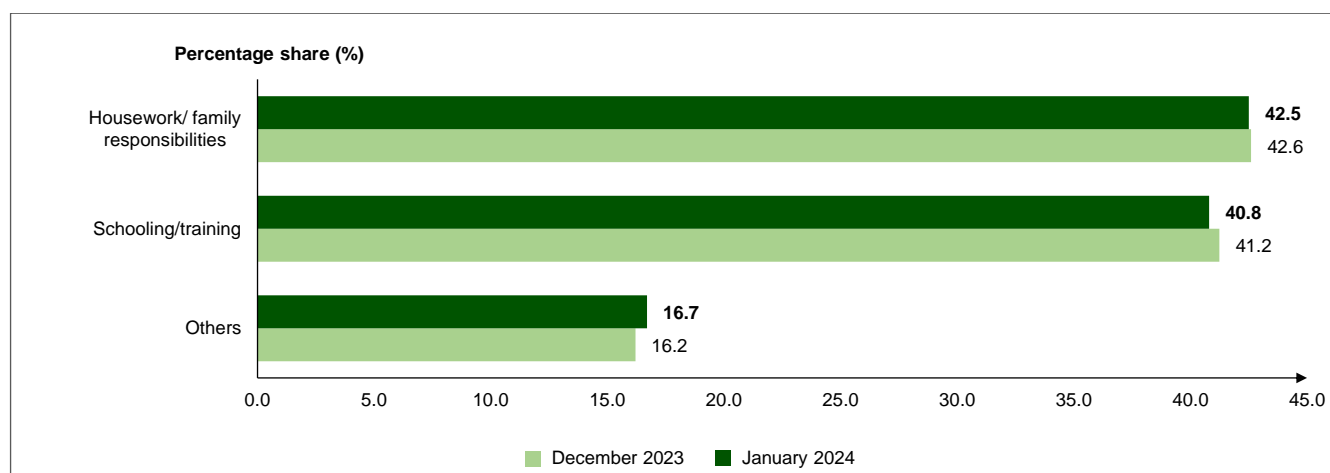
Chart 7: Labour force and LFPR by sex, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - January 2024



5 The major composition of the outside labour force was housework/ family responsibilities

The number of persons **outside the labour force** posted a slight decline of **0.01 per cent** to **7.23 million persons** in January 2024 compared to the previous month (December 2023: 7.23 million persons). On an annual basis, the number of outside labour force fell by 0.1 per cent from 7.24 million persons in January last year. The major composition of those outside the labour force was **housework/ family responsibilities**, accounting for **42.5 per cent**, while **schooling/ training** ranked second with **40.8 per cent** [Chart 8].

Chart 8: Share of outside labour force by reasons for not seeking work, December 2023 and January 2024



6 LOOKING AHEAD

Malaysia's economic environment was seen to be stable in early 2024, with the reduction of inflation in January, as well as a strong job market and supportive financial positions, expected to lead to higher domestic demand⁴. In addition, Malaysia's export performance has also shown a stable improvement since the fourth quarter of 2023 and has continued to show positive developments in the current month of 2024. The country's tourism sector has also been seen to be recovering, with an anticipation of tourist arrivals in 2024 higher than the pre-pandemic level. In addition, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) projected global trade in 2024 to increase to 3.3 per cent from 0.4 per cent recorded in 2023⁵. Thus, this situation will also have a positive impact on Malaysia's economic performance following the recovery in global trade.

Moreover, based on the forecast of business performance in the first quarter of 2024, businesses are seen as more confident about the business environment during the quarter. This is portrayed by a 4.2 per cent positive confidence indicator, which remains on a rising trend since the third quarter of 2023, with nearly 70 per cent of businesses expecting to retain their workers, while almost 19 per cent are expected to hire more workers.

Besides, the digital economy, which refers to economic and social activities involving the production and use of digital technology by individuals, businesses and governments, is expected to open up to

⁴ <https://www.astroawani.com/berita-bisnes/pertumbuhan-kdnk-malaysia-dijangka-melonjak-pada-2024-ram-ratings-459981>

⁵ <https://www.bharian.com.my/bisnes/lain-lain/2024/02/1214815/paras-semasa-ringgit-tak-cerminkan-prospek-positif-ekonomi-malaysia>

500,000 new job opportunities as well as to local digital talent⁶. It will also indirectly develop career opportunities in the entrepreneurship and gig sectors in Malaysia. Therefore, the labour market in Malaysia is anticipated to improve and remain stable over the next few months, driven by a resilient domestic economy. This situation is expected to continue to generate increased demand for employment, thus serving as an important key to sustaining economic stability.

⁶<https://www.bharian.com.my/bisnes/lain-lain/2024/02/1214844/ekonomi-digital-buka-500000-peluang-pekerjaan-baharu-di-malaysia>

TABLES

LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA
JANUARY 2024

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Table A: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 1982 | 5,431.4 | 5,249.0 | 182.4 | 2,944.6 | 64.8 | 62.7 | 3.4 |
| 1983 | 5,671.8 | 5,457.0 | 214.9 | 2,969.4 | 65.6 | 63.2 | 3.8 |
| 1984 | 5,862.5 | 5,566.7 | 295.8 | 3,119.6 | 65.3 | 62.0 | 5.0 |
| 1985 | 5,990.1 | 5,653.4 | 336.8 | 3,124.9 | 65.7 | 62.0 | 5.6 |
| 1986 | 6,222.1 | 5,760.1 | 461.9 | 3,188.3 | 66.1 | 61.2 | 7.4 |
| 1987 | 6,456.8 | 5,983.9 | 472.9 | 3,246.1 | 66.5 | 61.7 | 7.3 |
| 1988 | 6,637.0 | 6,157.2 | 479.8 | 3,301.5 | 66.8 | 62.0 | 7.2 |
| 1989 | 6,779.4 | 6,390.9 | 388.5 | 3,463.5 | 66.2 | 62.4 | 5.7 |
| 1990 | 7,000.2 | 6,685.0 | 315.2 | 3,519.7 | 66.5 | 63.6 | 4.5 |
| 1992 | 7,319.0 | 7,047.8 | 271.2 | 3,783.6 | 65.9 | 63.5 | 3.7 |
| 1993 | 7,700.1 | 7,383.4 | 316.8 | 3,874.9 | 66.5 | 63.8 | 4.1 |
| 1995 | 7,893.1 | 7,645.0 | 248.1 | 4,297.7 | 64.7 | 62.7 | 3.1 |
| 1996 | 8,616.0 | 8,399.3 | 216.8 | 4,379.0 | 66.3 | 64.6 | 2.5 |
| 1997 | 8,784.0 | 8,569.2 | 214.9 | 4,605.1 | 65.6 | 64.0 | 2.4 |
| 1998 | 8,883.6 | 8,599.6 | 284.0 | 4,934.0 | 64.3 | 62.2 | 3.2 |
| 1999 | 9,151.5 | 8,837.8 | 313.7 | 5,098.4 | 64.2 | 62.0 | 3.4 |
| 2000 | 9,556.1 | 9,269.2 | 286.9 | 5,065.1 | 65.4 | 63.4 | 3.0 |
| 2001 | 9,699.4 | 9,357.0 | 342.4 | 5,239.9 | 64.9 | 62.6 | 3.5 |
| 2002 | 9,886.2 | 9,542.6 | 343.5 | 5,473.8 | 64.4 | 62.1 | 3.5 |
| 2003 | 10,239.6 | 9,869.7 | 369.8 | 5,458.6 | 65.2 | 62.9 | 3.6 |
| 2004 | 10,346.2 | 9,979.5 | 366.6 | 5,730.5 | 64.4 | 62.1 | 3.5 |
| 2005 | 10,413.4 | 10,045.4 | 368.1 | 6,048.2 | 63.3 | 61.0 | 3.5 |
| 2006 | 10,628.9 | 10,275.4 | 353.6 | 6,205.1 | 63.1 | 61.0 | 3.3 |
| 2007 | 10,889.5 | 10,538.1 | 351.4 | 6,330.1 | 63.2 | 61.2 | 3.2 |
| 2008 | 11,028.1 | 10,659.6 | 368.5 | 6,575.7 | 62.6 | 60.6 | 3.3 |
| 2009 | 11,315.3 | 10,897.3 | 418.0 | 6,665.7 | 62.9 | 60.6 | 3.7 |
| 2010 | 12,303.9 | 11,899.5 | 404.4 | 7,023.0 | 63.7 | 61.6 | 3.3 |
| 2011 | 12,740.7 | 12,351.5 | 389.2 | 7,023.3 | 64.5 | 62.5 | 3.1 |
| 2012 | 13,221.7 | 12,820.5 | 401.2 | 6,927.4 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.0 |
| 2013 | 13,980.5 | 13,545.4 | 435.1 | 6,781.2 | 67.3 | 65.2 | 3.1 |
| 2014 | 14,263.6 | 13,852.6 | 411.1 | 6,821.0 | 67.6 | 65.7 | 2.9 |
| 2015 | 14,518.0 | 14,067.7 | 450.3 | 6,869.9 | 67.9 | 65.8 | 3.1 |
| 2016 | 14,667.8 | 14,163.7 | 504.1 | 6,987.6 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| 2017 | 14,980.1 | 14,476.8 | 503.3 | 7,065.0 | 68.0 | 65.7 | 3.4 |
| 2018 | 15,280.3 | 14,776.0 | 504.3 | 7,094.4 | 68.3 | 66.0 | 3.3 |
| 2019 | 15,581.6 | 15,073.4 | 508.2 | 7,103.5 | 68.7 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| 2020 | 15,667.7 | 14,956.7 | 711.0 | 7,225.5 | 68.4 | 65.3 | 4.5 |
| 2021 | 15,797.2 | 15,064.2 | 733.0 | 7,221.4 | 68.6 | 65.4 | 4.6 |
| 2022 | 16,022.1 | 15,391.7 | 630.4 | 7,110.2 | 69.3 | 66.5 | 3.9 |

Table B: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - Fourth Quarter 2023

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 12,239.3 | 11,801.2 | 438.1 | 7,030.8 | 63.5 | 61.2 | 3.6 |
| Q2 | 12,304.9 | 11,900.6 | 404.3 | 7,047.5 | 63.6 | 61.5 | 3.3 |
| Q3 | 12,354.6 | 11,961.3 | 393.3 | 7,073.5 | 63.6 | 61.6 | 3.2 |
| Q4 | 12,522.4 | 12,137.4 | 385.0 | 6,992.9 | 64.2 | 62.2 | 3.1 |
| 2011 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 12,718.3 | 12,333.5 | 384.8 | 7,004.9 | 64.5 | 62.5 | 3.0 |
| Q2 | 12,756.0 | 12,367.4 | 388.6 | 7,048.8 | 64.4 | 62.4 | 3.0 |
| Q3 | 12,889.0 | 12,493.0 | 396.0 | 6,977.2 | 64.9 | 62.9 | 3.1 |
| Q4 | 12,842.5 | 12,447.9 | 394.7 | 7,098.6 | 64.4 | 62.4 | 3.1 |
| 2012 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 13,169.2 | 12,765.2 | 404.0 | 6,915.1 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.1 |
| Q2 | 13,237.0 | 12,837.1 | 400.0 | 6,946.1 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.0 |
| Q3 | 13,401.7 | 13,005.4 | 396.3 | 6,897.9 | 66.0 | 64.1 | 3.0 |
| Q4 | 13,376.2 | 12,971.2 | 405.0 | 7,062.8 | 65.4 | 63.5 | 3.0 |
| 2013 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 13,539.5 | 13,118.0 | 421.5 | 7,090.0 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.1 |
| Q2 | 13,945.1 | 13,524.1 | 421.0 | 6,819.6 | 67.2 | 65.1 | 3.0 |
| Q3 | 14,214.2 | 13,776.0 | 438.3 | 6,613.0 | 68.2 | 66.1 | 3.1 |
| Q4 | 14,195.1 | 13,739.5 | 455.6 | 6,730.7 | 67.8 | 65.7 | 3.2 |
| 2014 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 14,230.8 | 13,791.4 | 439.4 | 6,805.9 | 67.6 | 65.6 | 3.1 |
| Q2 | 14,296.1 | 13,888.5 | 407.6 | 6,793.0 | 67.8 | 65.9 | 2.9 |
| Q3 | 14,346.9 | 13,960.6 | 386.3 | 6,810.3 | 67.8 | 66.0 | 2.7 |
| Q4 | 14,403.3 | 13,998.7 | 404.6 | 6,860.9 | 67.7 | 65.8 | 2.8 |
| 2015 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 14,544.8 | 14,091.0 | 453.9 | 6,798.5 | 68.1 | 66.0 | 3.1 |
| Q2 | 14,535.6 | 14,087.8 | 447.8 | 6,897.9 | 67.8 | 65.7 | 3.1 |
| Q3 | 14,561.0 | 14,093.7 | 467.3 | 6,930.6 | 67.8 | 65.6 | 3.2 |
| Q4 | 14,600.2 | 14,127.9 | 472.3 | 6,952.7 | 67.7 | 65.6 | 3.2 |
| 2016 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 14,596.8 | 14,095.8 | 501.0 | 7,011.5 | 67.6 | 65.2 | 3.4 |
| Q2 | 14,665.4 | 14,161.5 | 503.9 | 7,026.0 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.4 |
| Q3 | 14,710.6 | 14,202.0 | 508.5 | 7,044.6 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 |
| Q4 | 14,771.4 | 14,260.6 | 510.8 | 7,071.7 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 14,870.1 | 14,355.9 | 514.2 | 7,093.8 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.5 |
| Q2 | 14,926.4 | 14,414.8 | 511.6 | 7,123.3 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| Q3 | 15,000.2 | 14,484.0 | 516.2 | 7,091.0 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.4 |
| Q4 | 15,088.3 | 14,580.5 | 507.8 | 7,085.0 | 68.0 | 65.8 | 3.4 |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 15,192.4 | 14,683.6 | 508.9 | 7,093.7 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.3 |
| Q2 | 15,278.3 | 14,767.2 | 511.1 | 7,073.4 | 68.4 | 66.1 | 3.3 |
| Q3 | 15,381.3 | 14,856.8 | 524.4 | 7,077.9 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| Q4 | 15,449.9 | 14,933.4 | 516.5 | 7,070.7 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 15,526.8 | 15,010.2 | 516.6 | 7,064.2 | 68.7 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| Q2 | 15,598.8 | 15,078.2 | 520.6 | 7,088.1 | 68.8 | 66.5 | 3.3 |
| Q3 | 15,674.3 | 15,162.1 | 512.1 | 7,088.7 | 68.9 | 66.6 | 3.3 |
| Q4 | 15,766.7 | 15,254.5 | 512.2 | 7,066.1 | 69.1 | 66.8 | 3.2 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 15,790.1 | 15,243.5 | 546.6 | 7,163.1 | 68.8 | 66.4 | 3.5 |
| Q2 | 15,675.5 | 14,883.7 | 791.8 | 7,350.5 | 68.1 | 64.6 | 5.1 |
| Q3 | 15,840.6 | 15,095.6 | 745.0 | 7,324.6 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.7 |
| Q4 | 15,922.3 | 15,161.6 | 760.7 | 7,318.4 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 4.8 |

Table B: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - Fourth Quarter 2023

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 16,008.4 | 15,236.5 | 771.8 | 7,316.0 | 68.6 | 65.3 | 4.8 |
| Q2 | 15,972.2 | 15,207.3 | 764.9 | 7,424.9 | 68.3 | 65.0 | 4.8 |
| Q3 | 16,021.0 | 15,274.8 | 746.2 | 7,430.1 | 68.3 | 65.1 | 4.7 |
| Q4 | 16,135.0 | 15,440.7 | 694.4 | 7,361.5 | 68.7 | 65.7 | 4.3 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 16,246.1 | 15,574.9 | 671.2 | 7,289.9 | 69.0 | 66.2 | 4.1 |
| Q2 | 16,343.3 | 15,701.2 | 642.0 | 7,258.5 | 69.2 | 66.5 | 3.9 |
| Q3 | 16,442.9 | 15,831.1 | 611.8 | 7,250.6 | 69.4 | 66.8 | 3.7 |
| Q4 | 16,542.2 | 15,941.7 | 600.5 | 7,246.1 | 69.5 | 67.0 | 3.6 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 16,648.9 | 16,062.0 | 586.9 | 7,215.7 | 69.8 | 67.3 | 3.5 |
| Q2 | 16,727.4 | 16,146.1 | 581.4 | 7,180.2 | 70.0 | 67.5 | 3.5 |
| Q3 | 16,824.0 | 16,250.9 | 573.1 | 7,182.3 | 70.1 | 67.7 | 3.4 |
| Q4 | 16,911.7 | 16,346.7 | 565.0 | 7,197.6 | 70.1 | 67.8 | 3.3 |

Table B1 : Employed person working less than 30 hours per week by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Fourth Quarter 2023

('000)

| Time Series | Total | Sex | | Age Group | | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|
| | | Male | Female | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45 and above |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 415.5 | 177.3 | 238.2 | 57.4 | 79.7 | 90.8 | 187.6 |
| Q2 | 396.8 | 168.8 | 228.0 | 52.8 | 79.0 | 95.1 | 170.0 |
| Q3 | 393.0 | 163.2 | 229.7 | 57.3 | 91.1 | 81.4 | 163.1 |
| Q4 | 419.3 | 173.1 | 246.2 | 60.2 | 105.4 | 84.3 | 169.4 |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 462.3 | 172.9 | 289.3 | 61.2 | 119.5 | 98.7 | 182.9 |
| Q2 | 497.2 | 207.7 | 289.5 | 75.5 | 132.4 | 101.3 | 188.0 |
| Q3 | 442.4 | 172.7 | 269.7 | 56.4 | 96.7 | 98.3 | 191.0 |
| Q4 | 370.0 | 140.9 | 229.0 | 39.2 | 80.4 | 78.9 | 171.4 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 352.6 | 143.7 | 209.0 | 52.2 | 90.9 | 68.9 | 140.7 |
| Q2 | 374.3 | 171.5 | 202.8 | 43.6 | 84.1 | 87.8 | 158.8 |
| Q3 | 326.6 | 118.9 | 207.6 | 42.5 | 73.6 | 79.7 | 130.8 |
| Q4 | 304.0 | 112.3 | 191.8 | 39.1 | 62.9 | 72.8 | 129.3 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 667.5 | 320.1 | 347.4 | 91.0 | 189.1 | 146.5 | 240.9 |
| Q2 | 789.6 | 444.0 | 345.7 | 134.6 | 229.1 | 182.0 | 244.0 |
| Q3 | 403.8 | 151.4 | 252.4 | 116.1 | 118.0 | 72.1 | 97.6 |
| Q4 | 533.7 | 345.6 | 188.0 | 165.5 | 189.5 | 71.0 | 107.6 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 441.9 | 281.3 | 160.5 | 57.0 | 209.4 | 106.3 | 69.2 |
| Q2 | 474.1 | 317.8 | 156.3 | 102.2 | 110.1 | 95.9 | 165.9 |
| Q3 | 464.6 | 282.9 | 181.6 | 69.0 | 166.4 | 123.7 | 105.4 |
| Q4 | 393.8 | 137.6 | 256.2 | 87.0 | 108.4 | 97.5 | 100.9 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 336.3 | 112.1 | 224.1 | 39.1 | 103.6 | 77.8 | 115.8 |
| Q2 | 324.5 | 154.5 | 170.0 | 76.4 | 94.3 | 63.0 | 90.8 |
| Q3 | 287.2 | 132.9 | 154.3 | 35.3 | 99.5 | 68.4 | 84.0 |
| Q4 | 268.5 | 115.4 | 153.0 | 46.1 | 88.0 | 56.2 | 78.3 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 274.2 | 114.2 | 160.0 | 37.4 | 94.4 | 46.5 | 95.8 |
| Q2 | 280.4 | 120.2 | 160.2 | 54.0 | 85.3 | 58.6 | 82.5 |
| Q3 | 284.8 | 122.0 | 162.8 | 41.5 | 113.2 | 49.6 | 80.4 |
| Q4 | 286.1 | 113.6 | 172.5 | 49.1 | 108.7 | 43.3 | 85.1 |

Table B2 : Time-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Fourth Quarter 2023

(’000)

| Time Series | Total | Sex | | Age Group | | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|
| | | Male | Female | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45 and above |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 211.8 | 105.9 | 105.8 | 36.8 | 51.0 | 48.6 | 75.4 |
| Q2 | 195.4 | 97.7 | 97.8 | 34.7 | 45.2 | 48.9 | 66.6 |
| Q3 | 224.8 | 109.1 | 115.7 | 46.3 | 59.3 | 49.8 | 69.4 |
| Q4 | 238.5 | 115.3 | 123.2 | 45.7 | 69.4 | 44.9 | 78.5 |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 242.5 | 102.4 | 141.0 | 37.3 | 74.1 | 52.3 | 79.7 |
| Q2 | 231.7 | 108.1 | 123.5 | 40.2 | 65.8 | 43.2 | 82.5 |
| Q3 | 235.5 | 116.5 | 119.0 | 43.4 | 54.4 | 49.4 | 88.3 |
| Q4 | 204.1 | 88.1 | 115.9 | 30.8 | 47.5 | 44.0 | 81.7 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 210.5 | 98.0 | 112.5 | 43.6 | 61.4 | 36.9 | 68.6 |
| Q2 | 204.5 | 107.2 | 97.2 | 32.0 | 53.8 | 45.7 | 73.0 |
| Q3 | 178.7 | 70.4 | 108.2 | 28.6 | 44.8 | 50.9 | 54.4 |
| Q4 | 170.7 | 69.2 | 101.5 | 28.7 | 44.2 | 40.6 | 57.1 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 383.2 | 183.2 | 199.9 | 63.2 | 114.1 | 82.4 | 123.5 |
| Q2 | 413.5 | 257.6 | 156.0 | 76.3 | 99.3 | 106.1 | 131.9 |
| Q3 | 300.8 | 102.3 | 198.5 | 108.4 | 97.2 | 47.4 | 47.8 |
| Q4 | 369.1 | 267.8 | 101.3 | 130.3 | 117.4 | 53.1 | 68.4 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 310.5 | 226.7 | 83.8 | 46.4 | 159.3 | 67.2 | 37.6 |
| Q2 | 329.7 | 236.1 | 93.5 | 86.6 | 82.6 | 46.6 | 113.8 |
| Q3 | 326.2 | 232.2 | 93.9 | 40.4 | 137.0 | 87.7 | 61.0 |
| Q4 | 293.1 | 101.2 | 191.9 | 80.8 | 78.9 | 70.2 | 63.2 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 245.1 | 71.3 | 173.8 | 21.8 | 76.1 | 62.6 | 84.5 |
| Q2 | 212.8 | 111.6 | 101.3 | 64.5 | 59.8 | 37.0 | 51.6 |
| Q3 | 186.8 | 92.3 | 94.5 | 16.7 | 67.4 | 49.0 | 53.7 |
| Q4 | 167.4 | 79.3 | 88.1 | 29.9 | 63.8 | 32.5 | 41.2 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 174.6 | 78.7 | 95.9 | 30.2 | 66.4 | 25.2 | 52.8 |
| Q2 | 186.3 | 86.4 | 99.9 | 39.5 | 62.6 | 34.4 | 49.8 |
| Q3 | 189.0 | 88.1 | 100.8 | 34.4 | 79.0 | 32.6 | 42.9 |
| Q4 | 181.6 | 82.7 | 98.9 | 26.5 | 81.1 | 28.4 | 45.6 |

Table B3 : Skill-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Fourth Quarter 2023

(’000)

| Time Series | Total | Sex | | Age Group | | | |
|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|
| | | Male | Female | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45 and above |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,182.9 | 567.0 | 615.9 | 280.8 | 569.0 | 209.3 | 123.8 |
| Q2 | 1,280.6 | 584.9 | 695.7 | 317.9 | 587.7 | 226.9 | 148.1 |
| Q3 | 1,311.6 | 623.9 | 687.7 | 306.1 | 632.6 | 227.4 | 145.5 |
| Q4 | 1,332.8 | 648.4 | 684.4 | 303.2 | 631.8 | 254.8 | 142.9 |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,306.9 | 629.2 | 677.7 | 279.2 | 629.2 | 259.0 | 139.5 |
| Q2 | 1,408.1 | 647.2 | 760.9 | 314.5 | 687.4 | 257.7 | 148.4 |
| Q3 | 1,446.3 | 704.1 | 742.2 | 351.3 | 683.3 | 266.9 | 144.8 |
| Q4 | 1,404.0 | 667.8 | 736.2 | 337.2 | 679.1 | 245.4 | 142.3 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,460.8 | 673.2 | 787.6 | 329.5 | 696.4 | 263.0 | 172.0 |
| Q2 | 1,417.2 | 665.3 | 751.9 | 338.6 | 666.0 | 259.7 | 152.8 |
| Q3 | 1,554.5 | 699.3 | 855.2 | 393.5 | 705.8 | 279.1 | 176.0 |
| Q4 | 1,540.9 | 746.8 | 794.1 | 348.4 | 732.4 | 287.4 | 172.7 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,637.3 | 815.1 | 822.2 | 338.3 | 786.3 | 310.8 | 201.8 |
| Q2 | 1,674.1 | 847.7 | 826.4 | 393.7 | 701.9 | 331.6 | 246.9 |
| Q3 | 1,762.7 | 865.9 | 896.9 | 405.1 | 811.4 | 355.3 | 190.9 |
| Q4 ^r | 1,886.8 | 1,066.6 | 820.2 | 353.5 | 862.6 | 443.0 | 227.6 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,899.9 | 951.5 | 948.4 | 437.2 | 848.4 | 401.7 | 212.5 |
| Q2 | 1,852.5 | 949.0 | 903.5 | 336.9 | 776.0 | 426.1 | 313.5 |
| Q3 | 1,873.8 | 931.7 | 942.2 | 426.8 | 835.3 | 392.0 | 219.7 |
| Q4 | 1,838.3 | 877.1 | 961.2 | 309.0 | 816.4 | 454.6 | 258.3 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,810.1 | 874.4 | 935.6 | 364.9 | 821.3 | 428.2 | 195.7 |
| Q2 | 1,799.6 | 892.3 | 907.3 | 356.3 | 799.4 | 433.3 | 210.6 |
| Q3 | 1,839.6 | 857.9 | 981.7 | 344.1 | 861.4 | 432.2 | 201.9 |
| Q4 | 1,891.4 | 1,022.0 | 869.5 | 326.3 | 894.9 | 476.0 | 194.2 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,907.2 | 944.0 | 963.3 | 373.9 | 879.1 | 447.4 | 206.8 |
| Q2 | 1,914.6 | 873.1 | 1,041.5 | 421.3 | 867.5 | 421.0 | 204.8 |
| Q3 | 1,922.7 | 941.3 | 981.4 | 425.5 | 816.1 | 457.8 | 223.3 |
| Q4 | 1,937.1 | 996.2 | 940.9 | 400.2 | 815.3 | 493.7 | 227.9 |

Notes:

^r Revised

Table C: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - January 2024

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2010 | | | | | | | |
| January | 12,367.9 | 11,931.2 | 436.7 | 6,927.5 | 64.1 | 61.8 | 3.5 |
| February | 12,059.8 | 11,632.3 | 427.4 | 7,225.1 | 62.5 | 60.3 | 3.5 |
| March | 12,324.2 | 11,895.9 | 428.3 | 6,993.0 | 63.8 | 61.6 | 3.5 |
| April | 12,512.0 | 12,133.5 | 378.5 | 6,894.5 | 64.5 | 62.5 | 3.0 |
| May | 12,197.6 | 11,798.9 | 398.7 | 7,186.0 | 62.9 | 60.9 | 3.3 |
| June | 12,331.8 | 11,882.2 | 449.6 | 7,065.0 | 63.6 | 61.3 | 3.6 |
| July | 12,516.2 | 12,099.5 | 416.7 | 6,900.5 | 64.5 | 62.3 | 3.3 |
| August | 12,320.9 | 11,936.5 | 384.3 | 7,157.9 | 63.3 | 61.3 | 3.1 |
| September | 12,289.9 | 11,912.1 | 377.8 | 7,194.4 | 63.1 | 61.1 | 3.1 |
| October | 12,689.5 | 12,342.6 | 346.8 | 6,846.7 | 65.0 | 63.2 | 2.7 |
| November | 12,277.5 | 11,874.1 | 403.4 | 7,298.3 | 62.7 | 60.7 | 3.3 |
| December | 12,822.3 | 12,418.3 | 404.1 | 6,722.3 | 65.6 | 63.5 | 3.2 |
| 2011 | | | | | | | |
| January | 12,804.2 | 12,376.0 | 428.2 | 6,881.6 | 65.0 | 62.9 | 3.3 |
| February | 12,618.9 | 12,245.3 | 373.6 | 7,110.3 | 64.0 | 62.1 | 3.0 |
| March | 12,862.2 | 12,491.8 | 370.4 | 6,940.1 | 65.0 | 63.1 | 2.9 |
| April | 12,921.7 | 12,537.1 | 384.6 | 6,930.6 | 65.1 | 63.2 | 3.0 |
| May | 12,726.6 | 12,330.3 | 396.3 | 7,133.2 | 64.1 | 62.1 | 3.1 |
| June | 12,782.7 | 12,372.6 | 410.1 | 7,073.7 | 64.4 | 62.3 | 3.2 |
| July | 12,967.4 | 12,581.5 | 385.9 | 6,920.5 | 65.2 | 63.3 | 3.0 |
| August | 12,887.9 | 12,486.7 | 401.2 | 7,038.6 | 64.7 | 62.7 | 3.1 |
| September | 12,875.9 | 12,456.9 | 419.0 | 7,032.2 | 64.7 | 62.6 | 3.3 |
| October | 12,938.2 | 12,550.1 | 388.1 | 7,045.7 | 64.7 | 62.8 | 3.0 |
| November | 12,722.4 | 12,323.7 | 398.7 | 7,245.7 | 63.7 | 61.7 | 3.1 |
| December | 13,092.1 | 12,687.2 | 404.9 | 6,997.3 | 65.2 | 63.2 | 3.1 |
| 2012 | | | | | | | |
| January | 13,191.6 | 12,781.3 | 410.4 | 6,878.5 | 65.7 | 63.7 | 3.1 |
| February | 13,054.5 | 12,645.6 | 408.9 | 7,042.3 | 65.0 | 62.9 | 3.1 |
| March | 13,295.4 | 12,893.8 | 401.6 | 6,897.3 | 65.8 | 63.9 | 3.0 |
| April | 13,331.8 | 12,936.9 | 394.8 | 6,851.3 | 66.1 | 64.1 | 3.0 |
| May | 13,245.6 | 12,861.2 | 384.4 | 6,952.9 | 65.6 | 63.7 | 2.9 |
| June | 13,232.5 | 12,811.4 | 421.0 | 7,013.7 | 65.4 | 63.3 | 3.2 |
| July | 13,511.7 | 13,093.3 | 418.4 | 6,777.3 | 66.6 | 64.5 | 3.1 |
| August | 13,313.6 | 12,963.4 | 350.2 | 7,039.9 | 65.4 | 63.7 | 2.6 |
| September | 13,408.5 | 12,984.5 | 424.0 | 6,993.2 | 65.7 | 63.6 | 3.2 |
| October | 13,341.4 | 12,908.9 | 432.6 | 7,056.2 | 65.4 | 63.3 | 3.2 |
| November | 13,429.2 | 13,044.6 | 384.6 | 7,094.6 | 65.4 | 63.6 | 2.9 |
| December | 13,538.6 | 13,114.3 | 424.3 | 7,060.6 | 65.7 | 63.7 | 3.1 |
| 2013 | | | | | | | |
| January | 13,569.6 | 13,109.8 | 459.8 | 7,035.5 | 65.9 | 63.6 | 3.4 |
| February | 13,598.8 | 13,195.9 | 402.9 | 7,119.8 | 65.6 | 63.7 | 3.0 |
| March | 13,684.4 | 13,241.7 | 442.6 | 7,116.7 | 65.8 | 63.7 | 3.2 |
| April | 13,835.7 | 13,422.9 | 412.8 | 6,922.7 | 66.7 | 64.7 | 3.0 |
| May | 13,815.3 | 13,368.9 | 446.4 | 7,005.6 | 66.4 | 64.2 | 3.2 |
| June | 14,217.1 | 13,816.9 | 400.2 | 6,668.6 | 68.1 | 66.2 | 2.8 |
| July | 14,194.6 | 13,763.0 | 431.6 | 6,655.9 | 68.1 | 66.0 | 3.0 |
| August | 14,176.6 | 13,734.2 | 442.4 | 6,689.8 | 67.9 | 65.8 | 3.1 |
| September | 14,309.4 | 13,859.5 | 449.9 | 6,557.3 | 68.6 | 66.4 | 3.1 |
| October | 14,169.2 | 13,699.1 | 470.1 | 6,746.3 | 67.7 | 65.5 | 3.3 |
| November | 14,220.9 | 13,730.4 | 490.5 | 6,716.2 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.4 |
| December | 14,276.5 | 13,836.2 | 440.3 | 6,724.3 | 68.0 | 65.9 | 3.1 |

Table C: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - January 2024

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2014 | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,244.4 | 13,775.9 | 468.5 | 6,734.7 | 67.9 | 65.7 | 3.3 |
| February | 14,249.9 | 13,788.0 | 462.0 | 6,808.7 | 67.7 | 65.5 | 3.2 |
| March | 14,198.4 | 13,768.3 | 430.1 | 6,956.1 | 67.1 | 65.1 | 3.0 |
| April | 14,206.7 | 13,793.2 | 413.5 | 6,849.4 | 67.5 | 65.5 | 2.9 |
| May | 14,430.2 | 14,023.0 | 407.2 | 6,693.2 | 68.3 | 66.4 | 2.8 |
| June | 14,373.4 | 13,967.0 | 406.4 | 6,826.6 | 67.8 | 65.9 | 2.8 |
| July | 14,333.4 | 13,935.8 | 397.6 | 6,846.2 | 67.7 | 65.8 | 2.8 |
| August | 14,266.3 | 13,881.4 | 384.9 | 6,934.1 | 67.3 | 65.5 | 2.7 |
| September | 14,440.2 | 14,058.4 | 381.8 | 6,763.7 | 68.1 | 66.3 | 2.6 |
| October | 14,403.1 | 14,023.3 | 379.9 | 6,926.7 | 67.5 | 65.7 | 2.6 |
| November | 14,404.1 | 14,025.4 | 378.7 | 6,887.1 | 67.7 | 65.9 | 2.6 |
| December | 14,512.0 | 14,060.2 | 451.7 | 6,784.8 | 68.1 | 66.0 | 3.1 |
| 2015 | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,442.0 | 13,991.8 | 450.3 | 6,923.7 | 67.6 | 65.5 | 3.1 |
| February | 14,554.7 | 14,092.9 | 461.8 | 6,847.8 | 68.0 | 65.9 | 3.2 |
| March | 14,601.2 | 14,160.5 | 440.7 | 6,839.3 | 68.1 | 66.1 | 3.0 |
| April | 14,569.5 | 14,136.2 | 433.3 | 6,890.2 | 67.9 | 65.9 | 3.0 |
| May | 14,575.0 | 14,126.7 | 448.3 | 6,933.5 | 67.8 | 65.7 | 3.1 |
| June | 14,609.9 | 14,146.7 | 463.2 | 6,896.2 | 67.9 | 65.8 | 3.2 |
| July | 14,579.1 | 14,106.2 | 472.9 | 6,937.7 | 67.8 | 65.6 | 3.2 |
| August | 14,685.1 | 14,214.6 | 470.5 | 6,871.5 | 68.1 | 65.9 | 3.2 |
| September | 14,642.0 | 14,151.7 | 490.3 | 6,925.4 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.3 |
| October | 14,665.9 | 14,184.7 | 481.3 | 6,894.8 | 68.0 | 65.8 | 3.3 |
| November | 14,687.2 | 14,215.7 | 471.5 | 6,945.0 | 67.9 | 65.7 | 3.2 |
| December | 14,690.0 | 14,185.7 | 504.3 | 6,945.3 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.4 |
| 2016 | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,652.0 | 14,150.5 | 501.5 | 6,984.2 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| February | 14,703.3 | 14,196.9 | 506.4 | 7,063.1 | 67.6 | 65.2 | 3.4 |
| March | 14,710.1 | 14,200.7 | 509.5 | 6,964.0 | 67.9 | 65.5 | 3.5 |
| April | 14,675.3 | 14,163.7 | 511.5 | 7,012.5 | 67.7 | 65.3 | 3.5 |
| May | 14,705.0 | 14,200.2 | 504.8 | 7,021.1 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| June | 14,720.1 | 14,218.4 | 501.8 | 7,036.5 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| July | 14,729.0 | 14,212.8 | 516.2 | 7,008.4 | 67.8 | 65.4 | 3.5 |
| August | 14,822.2 | 14,306.9 | 515.2 | 7,053.3 | 67.8 | 65.4 | 3.5 |
| September | 14,762.2 | 14,249.6 | 512.6 | 7,084.3 | 67.6 | 65.2 | 3.5 |
| October | 14,765.1 | 14,253.4 | 511.7 | 7,071.1 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 |
| November | 14,827.9 | 14,317.2 | 510.7 | 7,081.8 | 67.7 | 65.3 | 3.4 |
| December | 14,788.9 | 14,276.7 | 512.2 | 7,072.8 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,880.9 | 14,366.8 | 514.1 | 7,090.4 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.5 |
| February | 14,916.7 | 14,401.8 | 514.8 | 7,086.9 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.5 |
| March | 14,932.5 | 14,421.7 | 510.8 | 7,121.8 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| April | 14,941.5 | 14,429.6 | 511.9 | 7,122.5 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| May | 14,961.9 | 14,454.4 | 507.5 | 7,120.8 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.4 |
| June | 15,027.6 | 14,519.9 | 507.7 | 7,141.1 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.4 |
| July | 15,016.4 | 14,497.4 | 519.0 | 7,150.4 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.5 |
| August | 15,030.2 | 14,513.4 | 516.9 | 7,138.4 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.4 |
| September | 15,058.8 | 14,544.3 | 514.5 | 7,122.1 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.4 |
| October | 15,090.4 | 14,581.7 | 508.8 | 7,117.7 | 68.0 | 65.7 | 3.4 |
| November | 15,084.0 | 14,578.9 | 505.1 | 7,121.4 | 67.9 | 65.7 | 3.3 |
| December | 15,145.9 | 14,640.1 | 505.8 | 7,084.1 | 68.1 | 65.9 | 3.3 |

Table C: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - January 2024

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| January | 15,187.0 | 14,670.5 | 516.5 | 7,074.8 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.4 |
| February | 15,230.0 | 14,721.5 | 508.5 | 7,112.3 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.3 |
| March | 15,241.2 | 14,732.5 | 508.7 | 7,115.0 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.3 |
| April | 15,313.1 | 14,803.1 | 510.0 | 7,130.9 | 68.2 | 66.0 | 3.3 |
| May | 15,357.5 | 14,852.6 | 504.8 | 7,097.1 | 68.4 | 66.1 | 3.3 |
| June | 15,379.0 | 14,863.2 | 515.8 | 7,062.2 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| July | 15,401.0 | 14,882.4 | 518.6 | 7,044.5 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.4 |
| August | 15,421.4 | 14,896.5 | 525.0 | 7,133.9 | 68.4 | 66.0 | 3.4 |
| September | 15,442.9 | 14,926.5 | 516.4 | 7,096.8 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.3 |
| October | 15,450.0 | 14,937.1 | 512.9 | 7,093.7 | 68.5 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| November | 15,457.5 | 14,941.3 | 516.2 | 7,151.2 | 68.4 | 66.1 | 3.3 |
| December | 15,500.1 | 14,986.0 | 514.2 | 7,120.1 | 68.5 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| January | 15,508.5 | 14,992.8 | 515.6 | 7,095.9 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| February | 15,543.2 | 15,026.8 | 516.4 | 7,145.9 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.3 |
| March | 15,556.6 | 15,035.2 | 521.3 | 7,169.4 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| April | 15,613.1 | 15,089.8 | 523.3 | 7,184.4 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| May | 15,642.3 | 15,122.5 | 519.8 | 7,190.0 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.3 |
| June | 15,655.9 | 15,134.6 | 521.4 | 7,156.7 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| July | 15,704.6 | 15,179.8 | 524.8 | 7,207.7 | 68.5 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| August | 15,706.0 | 15,185.8 | 520.2 | 7,172.4 | 68.6 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| September | 15,751.2 | 15,229.9 | 521.4 | 7,159.8 | 68.7 | 66.5 | 3.3 |
| October | 15,777.7 | 15,265.6 | 512.1 | 7,175.0 | 68.7 | 66.5 | 3.2 |
| November | 15,828.9 | 15,315.0 | 513.9 | 7,174.2 | 68.8 | 66.6 | 3.2 |
| December | 15,803.0 | 15,286.0 | 517.0 | 7,129.8 | 68.9 | 66.7 | 3.3 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| January | 15,829.3 | 15,317.6 | 511.7 | 7,128.9 | 68.9 | 66.7 | 3.2 |
| February | 15,869.8 | 15,344.5 | 525.2 | 7,224.0 | 68.7 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| March | 15,842.9 | 15,232.4 | 610.5 | 7,239.8 | 68.6 | 66.0 | 3.9 |
| April | 15,712.2 | 14,933.4 | 778.8 | 7,345.1 | 68.1 | 64.8 | 5.0 |
| May | 15,714.0 | 14,887.9 | 826.1 | 7,392.1 | 68.0 | 64.4 | 5.3 |
| June | 15,763.5 | 14,990.2 | 773.2 | 7,398.5 | 68.1 | 64.7 | 4.9 |
| July | 15,818.5 | 15,073.4 | 745.1 | 7,399.8 | 68.1 | 64.9 | 4.7 |
| August | 15,895.1 | 15,153.5 | 741.6 | 7,351.5 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.7 |
| September | 15,930.6 | 15,193.1 | 737.5 | 7,359.8 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.6 |
| October | 15,955.3 | 15,207.1 | 748.2 | 7,347.7 | 68.5 | 65.3 | 4.7 |
| November | 15,960.5 | 15,196.1 | 764.4 | 7,374.8 | 68.4 | 65.1 | 4.8 |
| December | 15,988.3 | 15,215.4 | 772.9 | 7,372.2 | 68.4 | 65.1 | 4.8 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| January | 16,019.8 | 15,237.3 | 782.5 | 7,366.2 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 4.9 |
| February | 16,048.2 | 15,270.6 | 777.5 | 7,371.4 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 4.8 |
| March | 16,082.5 | 15,329.3 | 753.2 | 7,363.7 | 68.6 | 65.4 | 4.7 |
| April | 16,094.7 | 15,352.0 | 742.7 | 7,376.8 | 68.6 | 65.4 | 4.6 |
| May | 16,098.9 | 15,370.8 | 728.1 | 7,398.0 | 68.5 | 65.4 | 4.5 |
| June | 16,066.2 | 15,297.5 | 768.7 | 7,456.8 | 68.3 | 65.0 | 4.8 |
| July | 16,072.9 | 15,294.8 | 778.2 | 7,475.4 | 68.3 | 65.0 | 4.8 |
| August | 16,125.4 | 15,376.6 | 748.8 | 7,448.5 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.6 |
| September | 16,193.1 | 15,463.5 | 729.6 | 7,405.9 | 68.6 | 65.5 | 4.5 |
| October | 16,259.6 | 15,554.6 | 705.0 | 7,364.5 | 68.8 | 65.8 | 4.3 |
| November | 16,304.7 | 15,610.3 | 694.4 | 7,344.4 | 68.9 | 66.0 | 4.3 |
| December | 16,336.2 | 15,648.6 | 687.6 | 7,337.8 | 69.0 | 66.1 | 4.2 |

Table C: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - January 2024

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| January | 16,366.4 | 15,686.1 | 680.4 | 7,332.1 | 69.1 | 66.2 | 4.2 |
| February | 16,402.7 | 15,730.9 | 671.8 | 7,320.7 | 69.1 | 66.3 | 4.1 |
| March | 16,438.5 | 15,769.4 | 669.2 | 7,309.7 | 69.2 | 66.4 | 4.1 |
| April | 16,502.8 | 15,853.5 | 649.3 | 7,270.2 | 69.4 | 66.7 | 3.9 |
| May | 16,537.8 | 15,900.0 | 637.7 | 7,260.1 | 69.5 | 66.8 | 3.9 |
| June | 16,566.9 | 15,936.3 | 630.6 | 7,255.5 | 69.5 | 66.9 | 3.8 |
| July | 16,599.2 | 15,978.4 | 620.7 | 7,247.9 | 69.6 | 67.0 | 3.7 |
| August | 16,629.7 | 16,017.7 | 612.0 | 7,242.0 | 69.7 | 67.1 | 3.7 |
| September | 16,657.2 | 16,052.2 | 605.0 | 7,239.2 | 69.7 | 67.2 | 3.6 |
| October | 16,683.5 | 16,081.5 | 602.0 | 7,237.3 | 69.7 | 67.2 | 3.6 |
| November | 16,709.4 | 16,108.6 | 600.9 | 7,235.7 | 69.8 | 67.3 | 3.6 |
| December | 16,730.0 | 16,130.4 | 599.6 | 7,239.5 | 69.8 | 67.3 | 3.6 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| January | 16,755.4 | 16,159.3 | 596.1 | 7,238.3 | 69.8 | 67.3 | 3.6 |
| February | 16,781.2 | 16,189.3 | 591.9 | 7,236.7 | 69.9 | 67.4 | 3.5 |
| March | 16,811.7 | 16,223.0 | 588.7 | 7,230.6 | 69.9 | 67.5 | 3.5 |
| April | 16,838.4 | 16,251.4 | 586.9 | 7,228.2 | 70.0 | 67.5 | 3.5 |
| May | 16,864.1 | 16,279.5 | 584.6 | 7,226.8 | 70.0 | 67.6 | 3.5 |
| June | 16,889.4 | 16,307.8 | 581.7 | 7,225.7 | 70.0 | 67.6 | 3.4 |
| July | 16,914.2 | 16,335.0 | 579.2 | 7,225.0 | 70.1 | 67.7 | 3.4 |
| August | 16,932.1 | 16,354.9 | 577.3 | 7,231.3 | 70.1 | 67.7 | 3.4 |
| September | 16,948.8 | 16,375.1 | 573.7 | 7,238.9 | 70.1 | 67.7 | 3.4 |
| October | 16,974.1 | 16,403.2 | 570.9 | 7,237.6 | 70.1 | 67.7 | 3.4 |
| November | 17,000.4 | 16,431.1 | 569.2 | 7,235.4 | 70.1 | 67.8 | 3.3 |
| December | 17,025.5 | 16,457.7 | 567.8 | 7,234.3 | 70.2 | 67.8 | 3.3 |
| 2024 | | | | | | | |
| January | 17,050.3 | 16,483.0 | 567.3 | 7,233.4 | 70.2 | 67.9 | 3.3 |

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - January 2024

| Time Series | ('000) | | | (%) | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Labour Force Participation Rate | Unemployment Rate |
| 2010 | | | | | |
| January | 12,368.0 | 11,959.8 | 408.2 | 64.0 | 3.3 |
| February | 12,120.1 | 11,712.8 | 402.2 | 62.9 | 3.3 |
| March | 12,242.4 | 11,817.2 | 416.7 | 63.4 | 3.4 |
| April | 12,382.1 | 12,025.3 | 377.6 | 63.8 | 3.0 |
| May | 12,197.5 | 11,790.7 | 405.7 | 63.0 | 3.3 |
| June | 12,338.5 | 11,898.3 | 423.8 | 63.6 | 3.4 |
| July | 12,419.9 | 11,996.4 | 422.5 | 64.0 | 3.4 |
| August | 12,353.8 | 11,945.3 | 400.9 | 63.4 | 3.2 |
| September | 12,330.7 | 11,957.7 | 386.3 | 63.3 | 3.1 |
| October | 12,772.3 | 12,407.0 | 370.8 | 65.4 | 2.9 |
| November | 12,392.6 | 11,966.9 | 418.2 | 63.3 | 3.4 |
| December | 12,794.9 | 12,391.6 | 406.9 | 65.4 | 3.2 |
| 2011 | | | | | |
| January | 12,782.4 | 12,383.1 | 399.6 | 64.8 | 3.1 |
| February | 12,674.9 | 12,312.5 | 357.2 | 64.3 | 2.8 |
| March | 12,778.0 | 12,409.9 | 363.4 | 64.6 | 2.8 |
| April | 12,792.6 | 12,426.6 | 388.4 | 64.5 | 3.0 |
| May | 12,757.1 | 12,352.4 | 403.0 | 64.3 | 3.2 |
| June | 12,805.0 | 12,403.0 | 390.8 | 64.5 | 3.1 |
| July | 12,858.3 | 12,466.3 | 389.1 | 64.7 | 3.0 |
| August | 12,930.6 | 12,501.4 | 415.0 | 64.9 | 3.2 |
| September | 12,906.1 | 12,496.0 | 424.3 | 64.8 | 3.3 |
| October | 13,013.1 | 12,616.9 | 409.0 | 65.1 | 3.1 |
| November | 12,829.7 | 12,410.9 | 412.6 | 64.3 | 3.2 |
| December | 13,053.8 | 12,651.3 | 405.4 | 64.9 | 3.1 |
| 2012 | | | | | |
| January | 13,164.0 | 12,781.1 | 383.3 | 65.5 | 2.9 |
| February | 13,103.1 | 12,699.1 | 394.1 | 65.3 | 3.0 |
| March | 13,221.1 | 12,822.6 | 397.2 | 65.5 | 3.0 |
| April | 13,226.3 | 12,841.5 | 403.0 | 65.6 | 3.0 |
| May | 13,293.7 | 12,903.8 | 389.0 | 65.9 | 2.9 |
| June | 13,256.6 | 12,841.1 | 407.8 | 65.5 | 3.1 |
| July | 13,413.8 | 12,988.9 | 422.4 | 66.1 | 3.1 |
| August | 13,348.9 | 12,972.1 | 359.1 | 65.6 | 2.7 |
| September | 13,416.1 | 13,002.8 | 425.0 | 65.8 | 3.2 |
| October | 13,400.9 | 12,964.4 | 448.1 | 65.7 | 3.3 |
| November | 13,520.3 | 13,119.3 | 398.4 | 65.9 | 2.9 |
| December | 13,499.3 | 13,079.5 | 423.0 | 65.5 | 3.1 |
| 2013 | | | | | |
| January | 13,550.1 | 13,113.1 | 432.8 | 65.6 | 3.2 |
| February | 13,641.8 | 13,242.5 | 389.3 | 65.9 | 2.9 |
| March | 13,625.3 | 13,188.7 | 439.5 | 65.5 | 3.2 |
| April | 13,763.5 | 13,353.9 | 422.7 | 66.3 | 3.1 |
| May | 13,867.0 | 13,414.9 | 451.7 | 66.7 | 3.3 |
| June | 14,232.8 | 13,838.3 | 392.6 | 68.2 | 2.8 |
| July | 14,119.5 | 13,683.2 | 434.0 | 67.7 | 3.1 |
| August | 14,200.8 | 13,730.9 | 451.5 | 68.0 | 3.2 |
| September | 14,295.2 | 13,852.9 | 450.0 | 68.5 | 3.1 |
| October | 14,214.8 | 13,743.2 | 481.1 | 67.9 | 3.4 |
| November | 14,279.3 | 13,773.3 | 510.8 | 68.2 | 3.6 |
| December | 14,248.6 | 13,816.1 | 437.2 | 67.8 | 3.1 |

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - January 2024

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Labour Force Participation Rate | Unemployment Rate | |
| 2014 | | | | | | |
| January | 14,243.3 | 13,795.5 | 444.1 | 67.8 | 3.1 | |
| February | 14,275.9 | 13,820.1 | 445.8 | 67.9 | 3.1 | |
| March | 14,160.8 | 13,738.1 | 427.2 | 67.0 | 3.0 | |
| April | 14,173.1 | 13,757.5 | 422.4 | 67.4 | 3.0 | |
| May | 14,470.8 | 14,060.1 | 411.3 | 68.6 | 2.8 | |
| June | 14,376.6 | 13,970.9 | 404.0 | 67.8 | 2.8 | |
| July | 14,289.4 | 13,888.2 | 399.6 | 67.5 | 2.8 | |
| August | 14,268.0 | 13,861.9 | 391.0 | 67.3 | 2.7 | |
| September | 14,415.2 | 14,036.1 | 381.9 | 68.0 | 2.6 | |
| October | 14,436.8 | 14,054.6 | 385.1 | 67.7 | 2.7 | |
| November | 14,436.2 | 14,046.6 | 393.9 | 67.8 | 2.7 | |
| December | 14,500.1 | 14,055.7 | 449.4 | 68.0 | 3.1 | |
| 2015 | | | | | | |
| January | 14,458.4 | 14,023.9 | 431.1 | 67.6 | 3.0 | |
| February | 14,561.5 | 14,109.1 | 444.8 | 68.1 | 3.1 | |
| March | 14,574.3 | 14,143.1 | 436.8 | 68.0 | 3.0 | |
| April | 14,558.8 | 14,125.3 | 440.1 | 67.9 | 3.0 | |
| May | 14,605.0 | 14,151.8 | 453.1 | 68.0 | 3.1 | |
| June | 14,600.5 | 14,133.6 | 464.2 | 67.9 | 3.2 | |
| July | 14,563.4 | 14,088.5 | 473.4 | 67.7 | 3.3 | |
| August | 14,678.0 | 14,190.0 | 476.5 | 68.1 | 3.2 | |
| September | 14,619.1 | 14,128.4 | 492.4 | 67.8 | 3.4 | |
| October | 14,688.0 | 14,202.2 | 487.6 | 68.1 | 3.3 | |
| November | 14,701.0 | 14,219.9 | 488.0 | 68.0 | 3.3 | |
| December | 14,685.2 | 14,189.8 | 501.7 | 67.8 | 3.4 | |
| 2016 | | | | | | |
| January | 14,677.1 | 14,188.7 | 482.7 | 67.7 | 3.3 | |
| February | 14,697.5 | 14,202.8 | 488.1 | 67.6 | 3.3 | |
| March | 14,688.0 | 14,187.5 | 505.4 | 67.8 | 3.4 | |
| April | 14,677.5 | 14,166.4 | 517.0 | 67.7 | 3.5 | |
| May | 14,727.8 | 14,217.7 | 509.8 | 67.8 | 3.5 | |
| June | 14,703.3 | 14,195.4 | 505.6 | 67.6 | 3.4 | |
| July | 14,735.0 | 14,217.1 | 516.1 | 67.8 | 3.5 | |
| August | 14,806.5 | 14,279.5 | 520.4 | 67.7 | 3.5 | |
| September | 14,749.0 | 14,234.6 | 515.4 | 67.5 | 3.5 | |
| October | 14,775.6 | 14,257.2 | 519.0 | 67.7 | 3.5 | |
| November | 14,836.2 | 14,316.0 | 525.5 | 67.7 | 3.5 | |
| December | 14,786.4 | 14,283.4 | 509.6 | 67.6 | 3.4 | |
| 2017 | | | | | | |
| January | 14,908.5 | 14,405.2 | 497.2 | 67.7 | 3.3 | |
| February | 14,906.1 | 14,405.5 | 496.2 | 67.8 | 3.3 | |
| March | 14,908.1 | 14,405.5 | 507.3 | 67.6 | 3.4 | |
| April | 14,949.3 | 14,438.2 | 515.6 | 67.8 | 3.4 | |
| May | 14,979.3 | 14,465.3 | 513.5 | 67.9 | 3.4 | |
| June | 15,011.4 | 14,496.7 | 512.6 | 67.7 | 3.4 | |
| July | 15,032.2 | 14,512.9 | 517.7 | 67.8 | 3.4 | |
| August | 15,009.4 | 14,482.6 | 521.8 | 67.7 | 3.5 | |
| September | 15,054.6 | 14,538.1 | 516.9 | 67.9 | 3.4 | |
| October | 15,095.9 | 14,580.1 | 517.2 | 68.0 | 3.4 | |
| November | 15,087.6 | 14,571.1 | 518.9 | 68.0 | 3.4 | |
| December | 15,145.0 | 14,649.4 | 502.7 | 68.1 | 3.3 | |

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - January 2024

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Labour Force Participation Rate | Unemployment Rate | |
| 2018 | | | | | | |
| January | 15,216.2 | 14,709.5 | 500.7 | 68.2 | 3.3 | |
| February | 15,216.8 | 14,724.2 | 490.2 | 68.2 | 3.2 | |
| March | 15,215.2 | 14,714.5 | 505.4 | 68.1 | 3.3 | |
| April | 15,324.0 | 14,815.0 | 512.8 | 68.4 | 3.3 | |
| May | 15,372.4 | 14,860.2 | 511.3 | 68.5 | 3.3 | |
| June | 15,362.9 | 14,839.6 | 521.4 | 68.5 | 3.4 | |
| July | 15,422.1 | 14,904.0 | 516.7 | 68.7 | 3.4 | |
| August | 15,397.5 | 14,863.4 | 529.7 | 68.3 | 3.4 | |
| September | 15,443.4 | 14,924.7 | 518.6 | 68.5 | 3.4 | |
| October | 15,452.9 | 14,932.8 | 522.0 | 68.5 | 3.4 | |
| November | 15,458.7 | 14,930.0 | 529.8 | 68.4 | 3.4 | |
| December | 15,499.9 | 14,996.8 | 510.7 | 68.4 | 3.3 | |
| 2019 | | | | | | |
| January | 15,503.1 | 15,013.4 | 502.1 | 68.5 | 3.2 | |
| February | 15,525.9 | 15,016.0 | 506.5 | 68.5 | 3.3 | |
| March | 15,556.1 | 15,025.9 | 520.0 | 68.5 | 3.3 | |
| April | 15,607.4 | 15,092.9 | 527.6 | 68.5 | 3.4 | |
| May | 15,632.6 | 15,111.9 | 526.2 | 68.5 | 3.4 | |
| June | 15,637.3 | 15,116.0 | 524.7 | 68.6 | 3.4 | |
| July | 15,705.0 | 15,188.9 | 522.6 | 68.5 | 3.3 | |
| August | 15,708.8 | 15,159.7 | 519.6 | 68.7 | 3.3 | |
| September | 15,754.5 | 15,238.9 | 521.9 | 68.8 | 3.3 | |
| October | 15,786.7 | 15,275.4 | 517.2 | 68.8 | 3.3 | |
| November | 15,855.3 | 15,323.0 | 522.6 | 69.0 | 3.3 | |
| December | 15,817.1 | 15,303.4 | 516.6 | 68.9 | 3.3 | |
| 2020 | | | | | | |
| January | 15,825.8 | 15,299.4 | 516.9 | 68.8 | 3.3 | |
| February | 15,849.8 | 15,334.8 | 528.8 | 68.7 | 3.3 | |
| March | 15,864.3 | 15,255.1 | 607.2 | 68.8 | 3.8 | |
| April | 15,713.9 | 14,943.7 | 765.7 | 68.2 | 4.9 | |
| May | 15,715.9 | 14,895.9 | 815.0 | 68.1 | 5.2 | |
| June | 15,788.6 | 15,008.4 | 754.8 | 68.2 | 4.8 | |
| July | 15,818.8 | 15,086.4 | 729.7 | 68.1 | 4.6 | |
| August | 15,889.1 | 15,167.8 | 733.5 | 68.3 | 4.6 | |
| September | 15,920.9 | 15,179.7 | 740.5 | 68.4 | 4.7 | |
| October | 15,951.2 | 15,189.0 | 764.1 | 68.4 | 4.8 | |
| November | 15,952.4 | 15,183.8 | 784.1 | 68.4 | 4.9 | |
| December | 15,988.9 | 15,194.2 | 795.6 | 68.4 | 5.0 | |
| 2021 | | | | | | |
| January | 16,016.3 | 15,219.2 | 790.4 | 68.4 | 4.9 | |
| February | 16,028.0 | 15,261.0 | 782.9 | 68.5 | 4.9 | |
| March | 16,104.2 | 15,352.2 | 749.1 | 68.7 | 4.7 | |
| April | 16,096.5 | 15,362.6 | 730.2 | 68.6 | 4.5 | |
| May | 16,100.8 | 15,379.1 | 718.3 | 68.6 | 4.5 | |
| June | 16,091.8 | 15,316.0 | 750.4 | 68.4 | 4.7 | |
| July | 16,073.2 | 15,307.9 | 762.1 | 68.3 | 4.7 | |
| August | 16,119.3 | 15,391.1 | 740.6 | 68.3 | 4.6 | |
| September | 16,182.7 | 15,449.3 | 732.6 | 68.6 | 4.5 | |
| October | 16,255.3 | 15,536.1 | 720.0 | 68.8 | 4.4 | |
| November | 16,296.4 | 15,597.7 | 712.3 | 68.9 | 4.4 | |
| December | 16,336.9 | 15,626.9 | 707.8 | 68.9 | 4.3 | |

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - January 2024

| Time Series | ('000) | | | (%) | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Labour Force Participation Rate | Unemployment Rate |
| 2022 | | | | | |
| January | 16,350.3 | 15,651.6 | 688.3 | 68.9 | 4.2 |
| February | 16,392.6 | 15,720.2 | 675.4 | 69.1 | 4.1 |
| March | 16,437.2 | 15,768.1 | 667.8 | 69.2 | 4.1 |
| April | 16,507.1 | 15,866.5 | 640.6 | 69.5 | 3.9 |
| May | 16,553.2 | 15,921.7 | 631.6 | 69.6 | 3.8 |
| June | 16,620.9 | 16,034.8 | 603.9 | 69.8 | 3.6 |
| July | 16,611.0 | 15,996.5 | 601.8 | 69.7 | 3.6 |
| August | 16,647.2 | 16,058.0 | 604.7 | 69.7 | 3.6 |
| September | 16,640.1 | 16,030.1 | 607.5 | 69.7 | 3.7 |
| October | 16,656.8 | 16,033.7 | 618.8 | 69.6 | 3.7 |
| November | 16,686.4 | 16,063.3 | 620.1 | 69.7 | 3.7 |
| December | 16,719.8 | 16,097.7 | 622.2 | 69.7 | 3.7 |
| 2023 | | | | | |
| January | 16,739.7 | 16,129.0 | 603.3 | 69.7 | 3.6 |
| February | 16,770.6 | 16,176.4 | 594.3 | 69.8 | 3.5 |
| March | 16,804.5 | 16,221.9 | 586.8 | 69.9 | 3.5 |
| April | 16,829.1 | 16,250.4 | 582.9 | 69.9 | 3.5 |
| May | 16,871.2 | 16,293.3 | 578.5 | 70.0 | 3.4 |
| June | 16,933.1 | 16,381.7 | 560.3 | 70.2 | 3.3 |
| July | 16,942.3 | 16,368.7 | 565.8 | 70.2 | 3.3 |
| August | 16,960.9 | 16,394.1 | 573.9 | 70.2 | 3.4 |
| September | 16,948.3 | 16,364.6 | 578.0 | 70.1 | 3.4 |
| October | 16,954.3 | 16,369.2 | 583.4 | 70.0 | 3.4 |
| November | 16,977.1 | 16,392.1 | 581.9 | 70.1 | 3.4 |
| December | 17,001.7 | 16,424.9 | 580.1 | 70.1 | 3.4 |
| 2024 | | | | | |
| January | 17,046.7 | 16,469.7 | 568.5 | 70.2 | 3.3 |

Table C2 : Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - January 2024

(’000)

| Time Series | Unemployed | Actively Unemployed | Less than 3 month | 3- Less than 6 month | 6- Less than 12 month | More than year | Inactively unemployed |
|-------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 2016 | | | | | | | |
| January | 501.5 | 361.9 | 180.3 | 110.0 | 36.0 | 35.6 | 139.7 |
| February | 506.4 | 254.0 | 115.8 | 83.7 | 34.9 | 19.6 | 252.4 |
| March | 509.5 | 332.8 | 176.8 | 92.9 | 44.8 | 18.3 | 176.7 |
| April | 511.5 | 328.0 | 170.6 | 93.3 | 43.9 | 20.2 | 183.4 |
| May | 504.8 | 297.3 | 153.6 | 92.5 | 37.6 | 13.6 | 207.6 |
| June | 501.8 | 298.2 | 146.8 | 83.6 | 51.7 | 16.2 | 203.5 |
| July | 516.2 | 306.0 | 131.1 | 90.9 | 54.6 | 29.4 | 210.2 |
| August | 515.2 | 305.6 | 149.0 | 81.4 | 44.7 | 30.5 | 209.6 |
| September | 512.6 | 292.6 | 148.1 | 77.9 | 45.6 | 21.0 | 220.0 |
| October | 511.7 | 299.7 | 143.1 | 74.7 | 48.4 | 33.5 | 212.0 |
| November | 510.7 | 286.5 | 125.6 | 86.8 | 47.5 | 26.6 | 224.2 |
| December | 512.2 | 374.4 | 192.2 | 93.2 | 59.4 | 29.6 | 137.9 |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| January | 514.1 | 328.4 | 147.1 | 108.1 | 47.3 | 25.9 | 185.7 |
| February | 514.8 | 338.1 | 151.8 | 118.6 | 46.7 | 21.0 | 176.7 |
| March | 510.8 | 315.2 | 168.2 | 80.8 | 43.0 | 23.2 | 195.6 |
| April | 511.9 | 359.5 | 151.9 | 107.5 | 66.2 | 33.9 | 152.4 |
| May | 507.5 | 372.1 | 171.9 | 128.8 | 38.9 | 32.5 | 135.3 |
| June | 507.7 | 319.1 | 151.1 | 89.8 | 49.2 | 29.0 | 188.5 |
| July | 519.0 | 345.6 | 144.6 | 115.0 | 47.6 | 38.4 | 173.3 |
| August | 516.9 | 351.5 | 160.7 | 115.7 | 45.0 | 30.1 | 165.4 |
| September | 514.5 | 322.0 | 142.4 | 105.8 | 45.1 | 28.7 | 192.5 |
| October | 508.8 | 356.1 | 182.1 | 110.6 | 35.7 | 27.7 | 152.8 |
| November | 505.1 | 338.1 | 143.3 | 105.5 | 51.1 | 38.2 | 167.0 |
| December | 505.8 | 327.5 | 127.6 | 109.1 | 46.6 | 44.2 | 178.3 |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| January | 516.5 | 356.6 | 133.2 | 125.9 | 58.2 | 39.3 | 160.0 |
| February | 508.5 | 349.8 | 155.3 | 106.6 | 41.4 | 46.4 | 158.7 |
| March | 508.7 | 349.8 | 161.7 | 108.5 | 42.0 | 37.7 | 158.9 |
| April | 510.0 | 373.6 | 167.7 | 140.9 | 44.7 | 20.2 | 136.4 |
| May | 504.8 | 319.4 | 134.2 | 112.0 | 38.5 | 34.7 | 185.4 |
| June | 515.8 | 324.5 | 136.2 | 108.5 | 52.4 | 27.4 | 191.2 |
| July | 518.6 | 360.7 | 189.7 | 86.1 | 47.9 | 37.0 | 157.9 |
| August | 525.0 | 308.7 | 149.1 | 84.4 | 46.1 | 29.0 | 216.3 |
| September | 516.4 | 361.6 | 174.1 | 103.0 | 37.5 | 47.1 | 154.8 |
| October | 512.9 | 331.1 | 165.2 | 85.5 | 49.2 | 31.3 | 181.8 |
| November | 516.2 | 347.8 | 168.9 | 87.2 | 52.6 | 39.2 | 168.3 |
| December | 514.2 | 329.7 | 149.3 | 92.6 | 34.3 | 53.5 | 184.4 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| January | 515.6 | 400.8 | 184.7 | 107.3 | 73.3 | 35.4 | 114.9 |
| February | 516.4 | 362.6 | 147.1 | 99.5 | 72.7 | 43.3 | 153.7 |
| March | 521.3 | 345.4 | 175.6 | 74.7 | 37.8 | 57.3 | 175.9 |
| April | 523.3 | 365.5 | 150.1 | 116.9 | 67.6 | 31.0 | 157.8 |
| May | 519.8 | 343.2 | 110.9 | 132.4 | 65.7 | 34.1 | 176.6 |
| June | 521.4 | 425.3 | 220.8 | 124.1 | 53.0 | 27.4 | 96.0 |
| July | 524.8 | 362.5 | 162.7 | 105.8 | 53.9 | 40.1 | 162.3 |
| August | 520.2 | 411.7 | 180.2 | 128.9 | 50.0 | 52.6 | 108.5 |
| September | 521.4 | 410.1 | 213.0 | 125.7 | 52.1 | 19.3 | 111.2 |
| October | 512.1 | 340.3 | 168.2 | 104.8 | 42.4 | 24.9 | 171.9 |
| November | 513.9 | 339.5 | 141.1 | 92.7 | 46.2 | 59.5 | 174.4 |
| December | 517.0 | 389.5 | 182.0 | 119.3 | 53.9 | 34.3 | 127.5 |

Table C2 : Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - January 2024

(’000)

| Time Series | Unemployed | Actively Unemployed | Less than 3 month | 3- Less than 6 month | 6- Less than 12 month | More than year | Inactively unemployed |
|-------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| January | 511.7 | 319.8 | 132.4 | 103.2 | 48.7 | 35.6 | 191.9 |
| February | 525.2 | 343.2 | 148.5 | 96.6 | 52.6 | 45.4 | 182.1 |
| March | 610.5 | 422.9 | 200.0 | 100.2 | 72.7 | 50.1 | 187.6 |
| April | 778.8 | 459.8 | 235.9 | 156.6 | 38.1 | 29.2 | 319.0 |
| May | 826.1 | 573.7 | 308.1 | 136.1 | 78.6 | 50.8 | 252.4 |
| June | 773.2 | 594.0 | 298.7 | 159.3 | 85.8 | 50.3 | 179.2 |
| July | 745.1 | 620.2 | 307.4 | 168.5 | 87.2 | 57.1 | 124.9 |
| August | 741.6 | 615.1 | 302.4 | 164.9 | 89.7 | 58.0 | 126.5 |
| September | 737.5 | 610.4 | 300.5 | 163.6 | 88.2 | 58.0 | 127.1 |
| October | 748.2 | 623.1 | 304.5 | 167.4 | 89.0 | 62.2 | 125.1 |
| November | 764.4 | 637.7 | 311.2 | 169.8 | 90.4 | 66.3 | 126.7 |
| December | 772.9 | 644.7 | 313.9 | 172.0 | 92.0 | 66.8 | 128.2 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| January | 782.5 | 657.2 | 321.5 | 175.9 | 90.4 | 69.3 | 125.3 |
| February | 777.5 | 647.4 | 327.8 | 155.5 | 91.0 | 73.1 | 130.1 |
| March | 753.2 | 626.9 | 320.1 | 152.5 | 85.6 | 68.6 | 126.3 |
| April | 742.7 | 618.7 | 322.6 | 151.0 | 80.7 | 64.4 | 124.0 |
| May | 728.1 | 609.9 | 318.2 | 148.3 | 81.2 | 62.2 | 118.2 |
| June | 768.7 | 642.9 | 335.9 | 157.4 | 86.7 | 62.9 | 125.8 |
| July | 778.2 | 651.3 | 351.4 | 156.7 | 86.1 | 57.1 | 126.9 |
| August | 748.8 | 627.5 | 337.3 | 153.6 | 80.1 | 56.5 | 121.3 |
| September | 729.6 | 611.0 | 333.3 | 147.3 | 78.9 | 51.4 | 118.7 |
| October | 705.0 | 589.5 | 327.3 | 142.3 | 74.0 | 45.9 | 115.4 |
| November | 694.4 | 581.8 | 324.3 | 137.6 | 74.8 | 45.1 | 112.6 |
| December | 687.6 | 576.5 | 322.3 | 136.5 | 74.1 | 43.5 | 111.1 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| January | 680.4 | 569.5 | 320.8 | 134.2 | 72.0 | 42.5 | 110.9 |
| February | 671.8 | 562.5 | 318.7 | 131.8 | 71.0 | 41.0 | 109.3 |
| March | 669.2 | 561.0 | 320.4 | 130.1 | 70.4 | 40.1 | 108.1 |
| April | 649.3 | 542.9 | 315.3 | 124.3 | 64.9 | 38.4 | 106.4 |
| May | 637.7 | 534.0 | 312.9 | 122.5 | 61.9 | 36.6 | 103.8 |
| June | 630.6 | 528.5 | 311.6 | 120.6 | 61.3 | 35.0 | 102.1 |
| July | 620.7 | 517.4 | 307.7 | 115.7 | 60.0 | 34.0 | 103.3 |
| August | 612.0 | 507.3 | 304.2 | 110.7 | 59.7 | 32.7 | 104.7 |
| September | 605.0 | 496.6 | 298.7 | 108.2 | 58.2 | 31.5 | 108.4 |
| October | 602.0 | 491.3 | 297.1 | 106.4 | 57.0 | 30.8 | 110.7 |
| November | 600.9 | 488.0 | 295.9 | 105.2 | 56.7 | 30.2 | 112.9 |
| December | 599.6 | 484.2 | 294.7 | 103.9 | 55.7 | 29.9 | 115.4 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| January | 596.1 | 481.6 | 292.9 | 103.7 | 54.1 | 31.0 | 114.5 |
| February | 591.9 | 475.5 | 290.3 | 102.4 | 52.9 | 30.0 | 116.4 |
| March | 588.7 | 472.9 | 289.7 | 101.9 | 51.1 | 30.1 | 115.8 |
| April | 586.9 | 471.9 | 288.7 | 101.8 | 50.5 | 30.8 | 115.1 |
| May | 584.6 | 470.4 | 286.6 | 100.2 | 52.2 | 31.4 | 114.2 |
| June | 581.7 | 466.9 | 285.2 | 99.6 | 51.3 | 30.8 | 114.8 |
| July | 579.2 | 464.7 | 284.7 | 99.1 | 51.8 | 29.1 | 114.5 |
| August | 577.3 | 462.1 | 283.9 | 98.5 | 51.1 | 28.9 | 115.2 |
| September | 573.7 | 458.9 | 282.6 | 98.1 | 50.2 | 28.0 | 114.8 |
| October | 570.9 | 457.2 | 281.5 | 97.3 | 49.8 | 28.6 | 113.8 |
| November | 569.2 | 454.5 | 280.8 | 96.4 | 48.9 | 28.4 | 114.7 |
| December | 567.8 | 453.6 | 280.2 | 96.0 | 48.6 | 28.8 | 114.2 |
| 2024 | | | | | | | |
| January | 567.3 | 452.5 | 279.0 | 94.2 | 49.7 | 29.5 | 114.7 |

Table C3 : Youth unemployment and unemployment rate by selected age group, January 2016 - January 2024

| Time Series | ('000) | | (%) | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years) | Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years) |
| 2016 | | | | |
| January | 283.6 | 10.7 | 402.8 | 6.9 |
| February | 236.1 | 9.0 | 340.6 | 5.7 |
| March | 285.0 | 10.9 | 416.1 | 7.0 |
| April | 305.6 | 11.5 | 405.7 | 6.9 |
| May | 291.6 | 11.1 | 395.2 | 6.8 |
| June | 240.5 | 9.6 | 387.3 | 6.6 |
| July | 309.0 | 11.8 | 446.9 | 7.5 |
| August | 305.3 | 11.6 | 412.9 | 6.8 |
| September | 266.3 | 10.6 | 369.9 | 6.4 |
| October | 290.5 | 11.4 | 399.7 | 6.8 |
| November | 253.7 | 9.5 | 391.2 | 6.6 |
| December | 267.4 | 10.2 | 393.6 | 6.6 |
| 2017 | | | | |
| January | 306.2 | 12.0 | 410.6 | 7.0 |
| February | 285.4 | 11.1 | 413.7 | 7.0 |
| March | 258.9 | 10.1 | 392.2 | 6.6 |
| April | 272.2 | 10.8 | 414.5 | 6.9 |
| May | 320.2 | 12.2 | 418.8 | 7.0 |
| June | 296.5 | 11.4 | 420.1 | 7.0 |
| July | 281.1 | 11.3 | 445.1 | 7.6 |
| August | 295.9 | 11.6 | 423.1 | 7.1 |
| September | 267.4 | 10.3 | 377.5 | 6.4 |
| October | 303.6 | 11.7 | 418.8 | 7.0 |
| November | 314.4 | 11.7 | 406.7 | 6.7 |
| December | 309.0 | 11.7 | 404.7 | 6.8 |
| 2018 | | | | |
| January | 328.5 | 12.3 | 437.6 | 7.2 |
| February | 310.9 | 11.6 | 423.0 | 6.9 |
| March | 306.2 | 11.7 | 414.4 | 6.9 |
| April | 287.9 | 10.6 | 420.3 | 6.8 |
| May | 292.5 | 10.6 | 391.9 | 6.4 |
| June | 284.3 | 10.4 | 426.9 | 6.9 |
| July | 320.6 | 11.8 | 425.4 | 6.9 |
| August | 303.2 | 11.5 | 407.0 | 6.7 |
| September | 289.5 | 10.5 | 413.3 | 6.8 |
| October | 277.2 | 10.1 | 429.1 | 7.0 |
| November | 289.0 | 10.5 | 415.1 | 6.7 |
| December | 328.7 | 11.7 | 428.8 | 6.8 |
| 2019 | | | | |
| January | 290.1 | 10.6 | 409.3 | 6.7 |
| February | 282.1 | 10.5 | 424.3 | 6.8 |
| March | 266.3 | 9.9 | 403.0 | 6.6 |
| April | 288.1 | 10.3 | 430.0 | 6.9 |
| May | 289.3 | 10.5 | 414.4 | 6.7 |
| June | 287.0 | 10.5 | 418.5 | 6.8 |
| July | 291.3 | 10.2 | 434.4 | 7.0 |
| August | 297.8 | 11.2 | 441.2 | 7.3 |
| September | 307.1 | 11.1 | 443.4 | 7.2 |
| October | 244.5 | 9.0 | 404.8 | 6.4 |
| November | 274.2 | 9.5 | 411.8 | 6.5 |
| December | 309.9 | 11.2 | 412.9 | 6.5 |

Table C3 : Youth unemployment and unemployment rate by selected age group, January 2016 - January 2024

| Time Series | ('000) | | (%) | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years) | Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years) |
| 2020 | | | | |
| January | 268.1 | 10.0 | 396.9 | 6.4 |
| February | 288.0 | 10.8 | 395.0 | 6.4 |
| March | 291.4 | 11.3 | 470.5 | 7.8 |
| April | 324.2 | 12.9 | 528.0 | 9.0 |
| May | 362.4 | 14.2 | 573.7 | 10.0 |
| June | 335.8 | 13.1 | 581.7 | 9.7 |
| July | 313.2 | 13.9 | 544.5 | 9.7 |
| August | 331.0 | 13.7 | 502.3 | 8.9 |
| September | 325.5 | 13.0 | 502.6 | 8.5 |
| October | 321.6 | 13.4 | 513.2 | 8.9 |
| November | 344.5 | 13.0 | 528.4 | 8.8 |
| December | 312.2 | 13.2 | 497.2 | 8.7 |
| 2021 | | | | |
| January | 295.3 | 13.5 | 509.2 | 9.2 |
| February | 347.6 | 13.9 | 544.3 | 9.2 |
| March | 321.1 | 13.4 | 537.3 | 9.3 |
| April | 310.7 | 13.7 | 507.3 | 8.7 |
| May | 328.1 | 13.6 | 545.7 | 9.2 |
| June | 340.9 | 12.7 | 565.1 | 9.4 |
| July | 344.1 | 13.7 | 520.6 | 8.5 |
| August | 321.1 | 13.9 | 524.1 | 8.8 |
| September | 335.1 | 13.9 | 507.8 | 8.5 |
| October | 358.8 | 13.9 | 508.4 | 8.1 |
| November | 350.9 | 13.7 | 517.9 | 8.2 |
| December | 367.7 | 13.7 | 533.8 | 8.5 |
| 2022 | | | | |
| January | 364.5 | 13.2 | 521.8 | 8.3 |
| February | 356.9 | 13.0 | 513.7 | 8.1 |
| March | 361.0 | 13.1 | 502.4 | 8.0 |
| April | 357.2 | 12.8 | 501.2 | 7.7 |
| May | 341.4 | 12.5 | 475.7 | 7.4 |
| June | 343.9 | 12.2 | 474.7 | 7.4 |
| July | 336.2 | 12.1 | 476.5 | 7.4 |
| August | 337.6 | 12.1 | 467.5 | 7.1 |
| September | 339.1 | 12.1 | 460.4 | 7.1 |
| October | 337.2 | 12.1 | 476.9 | 7.4 |
| November | 329.3 | 11.9 | 453.1 | 7.0 |
| December | 331.0 | 11.8 | 444.5 | 6.9 |
| 2023 | | | | |
| January | 328.8 | 11.5 | 449.7 | 7.0 |
| February | 320.8 | 11.3 | 450.2 | 7.0 |
| March | 317.3 | 11.2 | 454.9 | 7.1 |
| April | 315.6 | 11.1 | 441.0 | 6.7 |
| May | 313.0 | 11.0 | 448.6 | 7.0 |
| June | 312.4 | 11.0 | 444.8 | 6.9 |
| July | 311.2 | 10.9 | 444.8 | 6.8 |
| August | 309.2 | 10.8 | 439.6 | 6.8 |
| September | 310.1 | 10.6 | 440.0 | 6.7 |
| October | 313.3 | 10.7 | 439.6 | 6.6 |
| November | 308.5 | 10.6 | 432.0 | 6.5 |
| December | 307.2 | 10.6 | 432.1 | 6.4 |
| 2024 | | | | |
| January | 306.8 | 10.6 | 439.7 | 6.7 |

Table C4 : Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - January 2024

('000)

| Time Series | Employer | Employees | Own account workers | Unpaid family worker |
|-------------|----------|-----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 2016 | | | | |
| January | 449.0 | 10,534.1 | 2,570.3 | 597.1 |
| February | 543.9 | 10,582.3 | 2,437.5 | 633.1 |
| March | 539.4 | 10,381.2 | 2,660.3 | 619.7 |
| April | 456.2 | 10,280.6 | 2,805.9 | 621.1 |
| May | 532.0 | 10,407.9 | 2,573.1 | 687.1 |
| June | 534.3 | 10,535.6 | 2,453.5 | 694.9 |
| July | 427.2 | 10,536.4 | 2,605.4 | 643.8 |
| August | 452.3 | 10,719.5 | 2,527.0 | 608.1 |
| September | 460.7 | 10,814.3 | 2,331.0 | 643.6 |
| October | 458.8 | 10,719.6 | 2,508.7 | 566.3 |
| November | 466.6 | 10,929.5 | 2,311.2 | 609.9 |
| December | 443.0 | 10,865.9 | 2,354.2 | 613.6 |
| 2017 | | | | |
| January | 550.0 | 10,652.0 | 2,548.6 | 616.2 |
| February | 464.6 | 10,677.2 | 2,548.4 | 711.7 |
| March | 575.4 | 10,624.8 | 2,630.1 | 591.4 |
| April | 590.9 | 10,525.1 | 2,687.8 | 625.8 |
| May | 637.9 | 10,357.7 | 2,736.1 | 722.8 |
| June | 578.8 | 10,745.8 | 2,590.1 | 605.3 |
| July | 549.2 | 10,656.4 | 2,734.8 | 557.0 |
| August | 608.4 | 10,703.7 | 2,623.1 | 578.1 |
| September | 646.0 | 10,701.8 | 2,554.6 | 641.9 |
| October | 593.9 | 10,949.6 | 2,446.1 | 592.0 |
| November | 401.7 | 10,935.5 | 2,709.4 | 532.3 |
| December | 546.1 | 10,982.5 | 2,504.3 | 607.2 |
| 2018 | | | | |
| January | 533.0 | 10,749.4 | 2,757.7 | 630.3 |
| February | 472.7 | 10,746.4 | 2,825.9 | 676.5 |
| March | 493.9 | 10,585.3 | 2,920.7 | 732.6 |
| April | 550.2 | 10,832.6 | 2,719.5 | 700.8 |
| May | 517.2 | 10,751.8 | 2,880.6 | 703.0 |
| June | 529.0 | 10,823.6 | 2,817.7 | 692.9 |
| July | 518.2 | 10,651.2 | 3,012.8 | 700.2 |
| August | 599.4 | 10,758.4 | 2,865.7 | 673.0 |
| September | 639.1 | 10,690.0 | 2,907.8 | 689.6 |
| October | 513.7 | 10,764.5 | 2,944.6 | 714.2 |
| November | 545.8 | 10,899.2 | 2,836.9 | 659.4 |
| December | 593.5 | 10,811.7 | 2,909.6 | 671.2 |
| 2019 | | | | |
| January | 570.4 | 10,961.6 | 2,823.0 | 637.7 |
| February | 619.4 | 11,098.6 | 2,752.4 | 556.5 |
| March | 560.0 | 11,327.2 | 2,574.5 | 573.6 |
| April | 578.3 | 11,156.7 | 2,764.8 | 590.1 |
| May | 597.9 | 11,345.6 | 2,640.8 | 538.2 |
| June | 551.6 | 11,243.3 | 2,746.5 | 593.1 |
| July | 541.6 | 11,446.9 | 2,654.0 | 537.2 |
| August | 582.2 | 11,235.5 | 2,855.0 | 513.0 |
| September | 510.8 | 11,633.8 | 2,500.3 | 584.8 |
| October | 547.5 | 11,659.3 | 2,452.0 | 606.8 |
| November | 527.6 | 11,565.1 | 2,679.8 | 542.5 |
| December | 482.0 | 11,563.4 | 2,669.6 | 571.1 |

Table C4 : Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - January 2024

('000)

| Time Series | Employer | Employees | Own account workers | Unpaid family worker |
|-------------|----------|-----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 2020 | | | | |
| January | 552.3 | 11,375.4 | 2,757.1 | 632.8 |
| February | 513.2 | 11,513.8 | 2,691.0 | 626.5 |
| March | 515.7 | 11,280.0 | 2,812.2 | 624.5 |
| April | 563.1 | 11,146.3 | 2,585.4 | 638.5 |
| May | 470.3 | 11,399.4 | 2,423.9 | 594.1 |
| June | 497.9 | 11,438.2 | 2,417.8 | 636.2 |
| July | 434.8 | 11,647.4 | 2,380.9 | 610.4 |
| August | 434.9 | 11,719.9 | 2,416.0 | 582.8 |
| September | 445.1 | 11,734.9 | 2,433.7 | 579.5 |
| October | 450.5 | 11,763.0 | 2,425.4 | 568.3 |
| November | 456.8 | 11,782.5 | 2,412.0 | 544.7 |
| December | 462.9 | 11,806.1 | 2,399.4 | 547.0 |
| 2021 | | | | |
| January | 469.7 | 11,846.9 | 2,394.6 | 526.1 |
| February | 481.0 | 11,870.8 | 2,429.9 | 488.9 |
| March | 491.8 | 11,898.9 | 2,478.2 | 460.4 |
| April | 493.0 | 11,914.8 | 2,490.5 | 453.8 |
| May | 495.7 | 11,930.8 | 2,492.9 | 451.4 |
| June | 486.3 | 11,874.1 | 2,497.0 | 440.0 |
| July | 485.1 | 11,869.7 | 2,503.8 | 436.2 |
| August | 491.4 | 11,897.6 | 2,537.7 | 449.9 |
| September | 499.7 | 11,925.9 | 2,572.6 | 465.4 |
| October | 506.0 | 11,971.2 | 2,607.9 | 469.5 |
| November | 509.8 | 11,998.3 | 2,628.0 | 474.2 |
| December | 512.9 | 12,015.9 | 2,640.2 | 479.7 |
| 2022 | | | | |
| January | 517.2 | 12,028.9 | 2,656.2 | 483.8 |
| February | 521.4 | 12,046.2 | 2,674.8 | 488.6 |
| March | 525.7 | 12,060.2 | 2,691.7 | 491.8 |
| April | 536.0 | 12,092.5 | 2,723.6 | 501.4 |
| May | 539.6 | 12,112.6 | 2,744.0 | 503.9 |
| June | 542.5 | 12,125.6 | 2,766.2 | 502.0 |
| July | 545.1 | 12,144.9 | 2,787.5 | 500.9 |
| August | 546.9 | 12,167.0 | 2,804.7 | 499.1 |
| September | 548.0 | 12,182.7 | 2,823.2 | 498.2 |
| October | 552.4 | 12,200.4 | 2,833.6 | 495.2 |
| November | 554.5 | 12,214.6 | 2,848.1 | 491.3 |
| December | 556.2 | 12,225.5 | 2,860.9 | 487.8 |
| 2023 | | | | |
| January | 558.1 | 12,237.3 | 2,877.8 | 486.1 |
| February | 560.3 | 12,249.9 | 2,892.5 | 486.6 |
| March | 561.8 | 12,264.7 | 2,909.1 | 487.4 |
| April | 565.0 | 12,276.4 | 2,921.0 | 489.0 |
| May | 566.6 | 12,288.0 | 2,935.0 | 490.0 |
| June | 569.4 | 12,299.2 | 2,948.5 | 490.7 |
| July | 570.9 | 12,313.6 | 2,958.9 | 491.6 |
| August | 571.9 | 12,324.5 | 2,966.8 | 491.7 |
| September | 573.7 | 12,334.7 | 2,974.2 | 492.4 |
| October | 574.7 | 12,349.7 | 2,985.0 | 493.8 |
| November | 576.6 | 12,365.9 | 2,994.4 | 494.3 |
| December | 582.1 | 12,378.2 | 3,003.9 | 493.5 |
| 2024 | | | | |
| January | 583.9 | 12,392.4 | 3,014.3 | 492.4 |

Table D: Employed person by occupation, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022

| ('000) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Year | Total | Occupation | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Dictionary of Occupational Classification, 1980 ¹ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | 375.7 | 111.5 | 493.4 | 510.5 | 573.2 | 1,655.3 | 1,529.4 | n.a | n.a |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | 381.3 | 132.3 | 520.6 | 522.7 | 593.7 | 1,678.5 | 1,628.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | 409.8 | 115.4 | 541.3 | 600.0 | 638.1 | 1,694.1 | 1,567.7 | n.a | n.a |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | 426.6 | 129.2 | 551.5 | 625.9 | 643.0 | 1,720.0 | 1,556.9 | n.a | n.a |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | 449.0 | 140.4 | 544.9 | 638.5 | 686.6 | 1,757.2 | 1,543.6 | n.a | n.a |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | 452.0 | 117.7 | 566.1 | 711.9 | 704.3 | 1,845.8 | 1,586.1 | n.a | n.a |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | 454.1 | 127.9 | 574.4 | 728.1 | 728.3 | 1,892.5 | 1,651.7 | n.a | n.a |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | 477.0 | 131.3 | 605.5 | 726.0 | 727.0 | 1,848.9 | 1,875.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | 519.8 | 144.8 | 655.6 | 758.7 | 762.6 | 1,750.7 | 2,092.8 | n.a | n.a |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | 586.4 | 187.8 | 732.3 | 763.5 | 790.1 | 1,549.7 | 2,437.9 | n.a | n.a |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | 639.5 | 219.9 | 789.2 | 771.8 | 879.0 | 1,576.0 | 2,508.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | 756.6 | 247.7 | 832.0 | 834.9 | 845.8 | 1,539.5 | 2,588.4 | n.a | n.a |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | 838.0 | 298.2 | 905.8 | 935.7 | 943.1 | 1,644.8 | 2,833.6 | n.a | n.a |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | 896.6 | 329.5 | 963.2 | 918.5 | 985.1 | 1,516.4 | 2,960.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | 913.1 | 346.2 | 946.9 | 937.5 | 1,007.9 | 1,632.6 | 2,815.4 | n.a | n.a |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | 937.0 | 348.3 | 985.6 | 991.7 | 1,052.8 | 1,633.1 | 2,889.2 | n.a | n.a |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | 1,020.4 | 391.9 | 1,012.5 | 1,044.8 | 1,189.3 | 1,569.3 | 3,040.9 | n.a | n.a |
| Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 1998 ² | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 695.0 | 457.2 | 1,126.1 | 890.6 | 1,291.1 | 1,265.3 | 1,160.2 | 1,476.6 | 994.9 |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 786.3 | 483.5 | 1,194.6 | 890.3 | 1,307.7 | 1,260.8 | 1,168.1 | 1,373.0 | 1,078.2 |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 793.5 | 530.3 | 1,219.9 | 937.8 | 1,399.4 | 1,249.8 | 1,235.6 | 1,420.7 | 1,082.6 |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 859.3 | 561.3 | 1,211.6 | 931.2 | 1,479.7 | 1,292.8 | 1,165.2 | 1,409.9 | 1,068.5 |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 777.4 | 555.1 | 1,266.8 | 992.3 | 1,483.7 | 1,268.6 | 1,145.5 | 1,427.5 | 1,128.3 |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 829.6 | 565.9 | 1,307.5 | 968.3 | 1,597.1 | 1,335.9 | 1,154.8 | 1,408.0 | 1,108.4 |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 770.4 | 596.8 | 1,400.5 | 1,029.5 | 1,705.6 | 1,355.3 | 1,133.2 | 1,347.4 | 1,199.3 |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 748.8 | 613.7 | 1,496.4 | 1,053.4 | 1,776.1 | 1,271.3 | 1,153.8 | 1,344.1 | 1,202.0 |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 822.9 | 684.6 | 1,560.0 | 1,086.6 | 1,869.1 | 1,255.7 | 1,132.9 | 1,242.7 | 1,242.8 |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 856.7 | 737.4 | 1,695.8 | 1,183.2 | 1,959.6 | 1,382.0 | 1,228.3 | 1,502.8 | 1,353.7 |
| Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008 ³ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 | 692.4 | 1,221.0 | 1,306.3 | 1,180.3 | 2,503.2 | 1,011.8 | 1,345.8 | 1,570.2 | 1,520.4 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 | 684.4 | 1,244.0 | 1,283.4 | 1,168.8 | 2,640.7 | 1,184.1 | 1,428.5 | 1,576.8 | 1,609.8 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 | 695.5 | 1,284.7 | 1,292.6 | 1,190.7 | 2,911.0 | 1,180.2 | 1,492.1 | 1,694.4 | 1,804.0 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 | 664.4 | 1,376.5 | 1,367.2 | 1,237.8 | 3,169.3 | 1,002.4 | 1,555.1 | 1,659.1 | 1,820.8 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 | 718.6 | 1,462.0 | 1,406.9 | 1,241.1 | 3,188.9 | 940.3 | 1,578.8 | 1,585.2 | 1,945.9 |
| Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013 ⁴ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 | 658.5 | 1,755.2 | 1,453.5 | 1,163.8 | 3,176.3 | 872.0 | 1,570.3 | 1,669.8 | 1,844.2 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 | 690.3 | 1,771.6 | 1,522.9 | 1,236.5 | 3,212.6 | 898.9 | 1,517.1 | 1,766.5 | 1,860.4 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 | 660.5 | 1,824.4 | 1,536.7 | 1,247.7 | 3,422.8 | 921.9 | 1,545.5 | 1,787.9 | 1,828.7 |
| 2019 | 15,073.4 | 694.5 | 1,883.5 | 1,573.9 | 1,272.1 | 3,411.6 | 932.8 | 1,577.1 | 1,865.4 | 1,862.5 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 808.4 | 1,867.7 | 1,547.2 | 1,242.1 | 3,632.3 | 916.3 | 1,472.5 | 1,689.9 | 1,780.3 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 | 687.0 | 1,961.4 | 1,806.7 | 1,507.3 | 3,611.5 | 720.3 | 1,301.0 | 1,553.7 | 1,915.2 |
| Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2020 ⁵ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | 15,391.7 | 712.2 | 1,993.2 | 1,855.1 | 1,534.7 | 3,763.2 | 723.8 | 1,380.7 | 1,584.4 | 1,844.4 |

Notes:

¹For 1982- 2000, category of occupation are classified according to the "Dictionary of Occupational Classification, 1980" as follows:

- 1: Professional, technical and related workers
- 2: Administrative and managerial workers
- 3: Clerical and related workers
- 4: Sales workers
- 5: Service workers
- 6: Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters
- 7: Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers

²For 2001 - 2010, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 1998" as follows:

- 1: Legislators, senior officials and managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trade workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

³For 2011 - 2015, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical support workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

⁴For 2016 - 2021, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service and sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

⁵For 2022 onwards, categories of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2020"

Table E: Employed person by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022

('000)

| Year | Total | Industry | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| | | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J |
| Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972¹ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | 1,635.8 | 51.7 | 816.0 | 34.9 | 377.5 | 860.9 | 223.1 | 202.1 | 1,046.9 | n.a |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | 1,670.9 | 55.1 | 894.1 | 39.3 | 425.6 | 897.3 | 235.9 | 197.7 | 1,041.0 | n.a |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | 1,695.0 | 46.5 | 858.4 | 32.9 | 428.0 | 956.6 | 242.8 | 200.5 | 1,106.0 | n.a |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | 1,717.4 | 44.4 | 850.4 | 31.5 | 419.4 | 994.3 | 244.3 | 218.9 | 1,132.7 | n.a |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | 1,764.5 | 40.6 | 874.0 | 32.4 | 369.4 | 1,035.1 | 242.0 | 234.6 | 1,167.6 | n.a |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | 1,846.4 | 33.0 | 928.9 | 35.9 | 336.3 | 1,091.7 | 252.0 | 241.6 | 1,218.0 | n.a |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | 1,883.8 | 30.7 | 978.1 | 41.3 | 339.9 | 1,112.6 | 265.1 | 229.4 | 1,276.1 | n.a |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | 1,832.5 | 33.1 | 1,171.1 | 40.6 | 376.9 | 1,143.9 | 277.6 | 253.2 | 1,262.0 | n.a |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | 1,737.6 | 36.8 | 1,332.8 | 46.7 | 423.9 | 1,217.8 | 301.9 | 258.4 | 1,329.0 | n.a |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | 1,535.8 | 36.3 | 1,639.6 | 45.9 | 506.7 | 1,254.5 | 326.2 | 299.8 | 1,403.1 | n.a |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | 1,558.6 | 37.6 | 1,726.9 | 60.3 | 538.8 | 1,266.2 | 344.0 | 330.1 | 1,520.9 | n.a |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | 1,526.8 | 32.5 | 1,780.5 | 48.0 | 611.3 | 1,370.7 | 359.2 | 363.7 | 1,552.2 | n.a |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | 1,626.2 | 35.0 | 1,912.1 | 44.1 | 716.5 | 1,566.7 | 400.7 | 412.0 | 1,686.0 | n.a |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | 1,481.3 | 38.5 | 2,002.5 | 50.9 | 793.0 | 1,577.9 | 423.3 | 447.2 | 1,754.5 | n.a |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | 1,616.5 | 28.4 | 1,907.8 | 50.0 | 745.9 | 1,616.0 | 421.7 | 425.8 | 1,787.5 | n.a |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | 1,623.7 | 37.8 | 1,990.7 | 50.2 | 722.8 | 1,660.6 | 420.3 | 466.2 | 1,865.4 | n.a |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | 1,552.4 | 27.7 | 2,174.2 | 49.3 | 759.9 | 1,787.2 | 433.9 | 474.3 | 2,010.3 | n.a |
| Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000² | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 1,288.2 | 127.7 | 26.7 | 2,184.1 | 57.3 | 829.8 | 1,458.1 | 585.1 | 468.3 | 225.3 |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 1,316.8 | 107.7 | 27.5 | 2,068.9 | 50.6 | 905.1 | 1,497.0 | 616.1 | 496.8 | 240.5 |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 1,301.2 | 107.0 | 29.5 | 2,131.0 | 57.6 | 942.5 | 1,592.2 | 644.2 | 481.6 | 223.4 |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 1,326.5 | 126.1 | 34.7 | 2,023.0 | 57.9 | 890.8 | 1,607.2 | 698.2 | 532.9 | 236.1 |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 1,355.2 | 115.2 | 36.1 | 1,989.3 | 56.6 | 904.4 | 1,620.3 | 671.8 | 544.7 | 247.4 |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 1,375.3 | 128.2 | 42.0 | 2,082.8 | 75.4 | 908.9 | 1,650.5 | 721.3 | 539.7 | 242.3 |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 1,437.3 | 120.9 | 39.4 | 1,977.3 | 60.8 | 922.5 | 1,712.1 | 760.7 | 538.2 | 282.2 |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 1,365.6 | 122.1 | 54.5 | 1,944.7 | 60.5 | 998.0 | 1,729.4 | 783.6 | 583.4 | 276.0 |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 1,349.6 | 121.5 | 62.7 | 1,807.1 | 58.1 | 1,015.9 | 1,831.8 | 800.5 | 592.0 | 271.5 |
| Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008³ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 1,614.9 | 57.2 | 2,108.5 | 55.5 | 66.7 | 1,082.7 | 1,887.8 | 554.7 | 856.7 | 178.9 |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 ^a | 1,421.7 | 73.5 | 2,244.0 | 51.0 | 71.9 | 1,151.5 | 2,005.4 | 604.0 | 951.1 | 206.5 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 ^a | 1,628.2 | 80.8 | 2,263.7 | 61.9 | 81.0 | 1,174.7 | 2,125.6 | 624.3 | 965.1 | 208.8 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 ^a | 1,758.9 | 87.9 | 2,315.8 | 61.5 | 83.7 | 1,292.1 | 2,261.4 | 626.5 | 1,041.5 | 194.1 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 ^a | 1,694.2 | 84.7 | 2,372.5 | 65.6 | 81.2 | 1,277.7 | 2,324.4 | 598.2 | 1,149.3 | 213.2 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 ^a | 1,753.9 | 104.4 | 2,322.7 | 61.7 | 72.1 | 1,309.9 | 2,361.4 | 615.0 | 1,150.8 | 214.2 |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 ^a | 1,609.9 | 96.3 | 2,390.6 | 77.9 | 76.4 | 1,251.7 | 2,428.5 | 630.4 | 1,260.7 | 208.7 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 ^a | 1,635.0 | 97.2 | 2,513.3 | 62.2 | 81.0 | 1,258.9 | 2,485.4 | 658.2 | 1,323.2 | 220.3 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 ^a | 1,570.3 | 90.8 | 2,499.9 | 68.8 | 88.6 | 1,257.8 | 2,544.6 | 697.9 | 1,473.4 | 216.4 |
| 2019 ^f | 15,073.4 ^a | 1,541.1 | 91.0 | 2,612.0 | 75.4 | 88.8 | 1,246.7 | 2,604.6 | 677.8 | 1,549.7 | 223.9 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 1,566.0 | 82.2 | 2,498.0 | 76.4 | 83.7 | 1,173.4 | 2,765.6 | 689.2 | 1,540.0 | 223.4 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 ^a | 1,550.0 | 81.9 | 2,501.4 | 77.7 | 85.5 | 1,159.6 | 2,826.5 | 704.5 | 1,535.5 | 235.1 |
| 2022 | 15,391.7 ^a | 1,540.8 | 84.3 | 2,590.7 | 79.1 | 88.3 | 1,170.5 | 2,932.6 | 711.4 | 1,547.7 | 236.4 |

Notes:

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas and water
- E: Construction
- F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels
- G: Transport, storage and communications
- H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services
- I: Community, social and personal services

²For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry
- B: Fishing
- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing
- E: Electricity, gas and water supply
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- K: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
- O: Other community, social and personal service activities
- P: Private households with employed persons

³For 2010 - 2021, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

^f Revised

⁴For year 2011-2019, 2021 and 2022, total includes 'Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies'

Table E: Employed person by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022 (cont'd)

('000)

| Year | Total | Industry | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|
| | | K | L | M | N | O | P | Q | R | S | T |
| Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972¹ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000² | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 348.6 | 664.6 | 508.6 | 173.3 | 190.4 | 219.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 397.1 | 663.6 | 508.6 | 189.3 | 192.5 | 262.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 404.2 | 666.5 | 594.3 | 217.3 | 216.1 | 258.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 458.5 | 684.3 | 610.7 | 198.2 | 231.3 | 260.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 459.0 | 728.5 | 607.1 | 212.6 | 234.9 | 260.6 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 508.4 | 674.1 | 600.1 | 223.2 | 247.1 | 254.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 558.1 | 716.1 | 632.7 | 238.9 | 266.5 | 272.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 553.2 | 751.1 | 656.5 | 252.6 | 274.2 | 253.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 601.9 | 813.9 | 731.4 | 271.7 | 303.3 | 262.5 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008³ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 323.4 | 58.5 | 285.6 | 359.2 | 787.7 | 779.3 | 280.0 | 91.6 | 182.9 | 285.4 |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 ⁴ | 319.3 | 61.2 | 328.4 | 448.0 | 750.2 | 782.3 | 384.1 | 87.5 | 181.8 | 225.8 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 ⁴ | 322.1 | 68.9 | 307.3 | 532.2 | 696.4 | 784.9 | 414.3 | 84.8 | 190.5 | 202.7 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 ⁴ | 318.9 | 72.7 | 306.8 | 566.9 | 761.4 | 816.6 | 490.0 | 79.4 | 192.4 | 214.8 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 ⁴ | 329.1 | 79.7 | 328.8 | 654.3 | 741.7 | 871.4 | 532.9 | 94.1 | 199.1 | 159.1 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 ⁴ | 354.4 | 71.2 | 359.3 | 634.8 | 751.0 | 899.0 | 573.1 | 81.7 | 233.1 | 142.3 |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 ⁴ | 346.9 | 82.4 | 361.8 | 657.0 | 748.2 | 928.7 | 570.3 | 80.9 | 230.8 | 124.7 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 ⁴ | 369.0 | 84.5 | 348.1 | 677.2 | 742.2 | 880.3 | 588.0 | 84.3 | 260.1 | 106.9 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 ⁴ | 338.6 | 97.2 | 367.7 | 747.6 | 720.2 | 988.7 | 551.2 | 85.6 | 264.8 | 103.9 |
| 2019 ^f | 15,073.4 ⁴ | 355.1 | 90.3 | 394.7 | 809.2 | 737.1 | 992.1 | 527.7 | 84.0 | 266.1 | 104.3 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 372.1 | 82.1 | 379.3 | 801.9 | 734.9 | 937.6 | 559.6 | 58.2 | 267.0 | 66.1 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 ⁴ | 386.5 | 83.4 | 358.9 | 846.0 | 725.1 | 924.3 | 582.2 | 60.5 | 274.7 | 64.6 |
| 2022 | 15,391.7 ⁴ | 397.2 | 83.7 | 365.7 | 862.4 | 747.7 | 943.7 | 599.0 | 63.5 | 279.0 | 67.8 |

Notes:

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas and water
- E: Construction
- F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels
- G: Transport, storage and communications
- H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services
- I: Community, social and personal services

²For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry
- B: Fishing
- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing
- E: Electricity, gas and water supply
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- K: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
- O: Other community, social and personal service activities
- P: Private households with employed persons

³For 2010 - 2021, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

^f Revised

⁴For year 2011-2019, 2021 and 2022, total includes 'Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies'

Table F: Employed person by status of employment, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022

(’000)

| Time Series | Total | Status of Employment | | | |
|-------------|----------|----------------------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | Employer | Employee | Own Account Worker | Unpaid Family Worker |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | 158.1 | 3,320.7 | 1,159.8 | 610.4 |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | 175.4 | 3,447.2 | 1,242.6 | 591.7 |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | 141.4 | 3,673.4 | 1,130.1 | 621.8 |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | 167.8 | 3,636.1 | 1,189.8 | 659.5 |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | 180.4 | 3,560.7 | 1,308.2 | 710.6 |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | 167.9 | 3,747.9 | 1,280.1 | 788.1 |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | 204.7 | 3,799.1 | 1,377.1 | 776.3 |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | 154.2 | 4,164.7 | 1,324.3 | 747.4 |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | 194.6 | 4,412.4 | 1,383.9 | 694.0 |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | 158.5 | 5,047.7 | 1,277.3 | 564.2 |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | 209.5 | 5,272.8 | 1,350.7 | 550.1 |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | 188.1 | 5,553.3 | 1,396.4 | 506.9 |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | 251.1 | 6,071.4 | 1,514.2 | 562.6 |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | 222.7 | 6,380.7 | 1,449.6 | 516.1 |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | 252.7 | 6,307.9 | 1,521.6 | 517.4 |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | 202.2 | 6,602.5 | 1,489.1 | 543.9 |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | 275.8 | 6,882.6 | 1,586.0 | 524.8 |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 306.8 | 7,056.2 | 1,514.9 | 478.5 |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 288.6 | 7,320.2 | 1,479.8 | 453.9 |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 333.0 | 7,523.8 | 1,536.3 | 476.3 |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 354.7 | 7,445.0 | 1,678.1 | 501.7 |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 337.0 | 7,583.4 | 1,671.7 | 453.2 |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 396.9 | 7,632.9 | 1,733.4 | 512.2 |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 362.5 | 7,824.0 | 1,831.5 | 520.1 |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 371.4 | 7,951.1 | 1,851.1 | 486.0 |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 399.4 | 8,153.6 | 1,862.7 | 481.7 |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 439.3 | 9,010.2 | 1,954.7 | 495.4 |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 | 446.1 | 9,483.7 | 1,907.4 | 514.3 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 | 476.2 | 9,620.0 | 2,117.3 | 607.0 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 | 523.9 | 10,073.5 | 2,316.8 | 631.3 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 | 511.5 | 10,447.6 | 2,267.2 | 626.3 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 | 568.6 | 10,395.5 | 2,476.2 | 627.4 |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 | 486.4 | 10,534.2 | 2,522.3 | 620.9 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 | 553.5 | 10,710.1 | 2,606.7 | 606.4 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 | 547.2 | 10,700.4 | 2,859.2 | 669.1 |
| 2019 | 15,073.4 | 552.9 | 11,218.3 | 2,724.2 | 578.1 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 512.2 | 11,554.2 | 2,383.0 | 507.4 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 | 508.4 | 11,821.4 | 2,231.0 | 503.3 |
| 2022 | 15,391.7 | 532.9 | 12,046.8 | 2,325.0 | 487.0 |

Table G: Labour force indicators for selected countries, January 2023 - January 2024

| Indicators | 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | | 2024 | Data Source | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------------------------------------|------|
| | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | June | July | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Jan | | |
| Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| South East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Malaysia | 69.8 | 69.9 | 69.9 | 70.0 | 70.0 | 70.0 | 70.1 | 70.1 | 70.1 | 70.1 | 70.1 | 70.1 | 70.2 | 70.2 | DOSM |
| Philippine | 64.5 | 66.6 | 66.0 | 65.1 | 65.3 | 66.1 | 60.1 | 64.7 | 64.1 | 63.9 | 65.9 | 66.6 | n.a | Philippine Statistics Authority | |
| East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hong Kong | 58.1 | 57.9 | 57.9 | 57.7 | 57.6 | 57.5 | 57.6 | 57.7 | 57.8 | 57.7 | 57.5 | 57.3 | 57.1 | Census and Statistics Department | |
| Taiwan | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.1 | 59.2 | 59.3 | 59.3 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.3 | 59.3 | 59.3 | National Statistics Republic of China | |
| South Korea | 62.6 | 63.1 | 64.1 | 64.4 | 65.3 | 65.3 | 65.0 | 64.4 | 64.6 | 64.7 | 64.6 | 63.8 | 63.3 | Statistics Korea | |
| Japan | 62.2 | 62.1 | 62.6 | 62.9 | 62.9 | 63.1 | 63.1 | 63.1 | 63.3 | 63.1 | 63.1 | 62.8 | 62.6 | Statistics Bureau of Japan | |
| Oceania | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Australia | 66.7 | 66.7 | 66.8 | 66.8 | 66.9 | 66.9 | 66.9 | 67.0 | 66.7 | 67.0 | 67.2 | 66.8 | 66.8 | ABS | |
| North America | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USA | 62.4 | 62.5 | 62.6 | 62.6 | 62.6 | 62.6 | 62.6 | 62.8 | 62.8 | 62.7 | 62.8 | 62.5 | 62.5 | BLS | |
| Canada | 65.7 | 65.7 | 65.6 | 65.6 | 65.5 | 65.7 | 65.6 | 65.5 | 65.6 | 65.6 | 65.6 | 65.5 | 65.3 | Statistics Canada | |
| Europe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| United Kingdom | 78.3 | 78.4 | 78.5 | 78.6 | 78.7 | 78.6 | 78.4 | 78.1 | 78.1 | 78.2 | 78.1 | 78.1 | n.a | ONS | |
| Sweden | 73.7 | 74.2 | 75.0 | 74.8 | 75.9 | 78.5 | 78.0 | 75.6 | 74.9 | 75.4 | 75.4 | 74.0 | 73.9 | Statistics Sweden | |
| Finland | 67.1 | 67.1 | 68.0 | 68.6 | 71.4 | 71.4 | 68.3 | 69.1 | 68.4 | 67.6 | 67.4 | 67.8 | 67.3 | Statistics Finland | |
| Russia | 62.4 | 62.3 | 62.4 | 62.6 | 62.6 | 62.7 | 63.0 | 63.1 | 63.0 | 65.0 | 63.0 | n.a | n.a | Trading economics | |
| Italy | 66.3 | 66.4 | 66.4 | 66.5 | 66.5 | 66.6 | 66.6 | 66.6 | 66.9 | 67.1 | 66.9 | 66.9 | 66.7 | National Institute of Statistics | |
| Netherland | 75.6 | 75.6 | 75.6 | 75.7 | 75.7 | 75.7 | 75.8 | 75.9 | 75.7 | 75.8 | 75.9 | 76.0 | 76.1 | Statistics Netherlands | |
| Unemployment rate (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| South East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Malaysia | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | DOSM | |
| Philippine | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.1 | n.a | Philippine Statistics Authority | |
| East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hong Kong | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | Census and Statistics Department | |
| Taiwan | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | National Statistics Republic of China | |
| South Korea | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 3.7 | Statistics Korea | |
| Japan | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | Statistics Bureau of Japan | |
| Oceania | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Australia | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | ABS | |
| North America | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USA | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | BLS | |
| Canada | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.7 | Statistics Canada | |
| Europe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| United Kingdom | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.9 | n.a | ONS | |
| Sweden | 7.6 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 9.2 | 6.2 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.7 | 8.5 | Statistics Sweden | |
| Finland | 7.6 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 7.9 | 9.0 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 8.3 | Statistics Finland | |
| Russia | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.9 | Trading economics | |
| Italy | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.2 | National Institute of Statistics | |
| Netherland | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | Statistics Netherlands | |

Note
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